

Avskrift av notbok
tillhönig

Pehr Larsson

Fundersjed

1846.



4251

F1:12-9

Denna Notebok

tillhörig

Pehr Larsson

i Fundersef, 1846.

(24 dubbelskivan) 108 fältar)

Avskrift av en notbok tillhörig lantbrukare

John Gustafsson, Vretsta Östergård, Vingåker.

Pehr Larsson, som var lantbrukars inspektör, var
74:0 morfar.

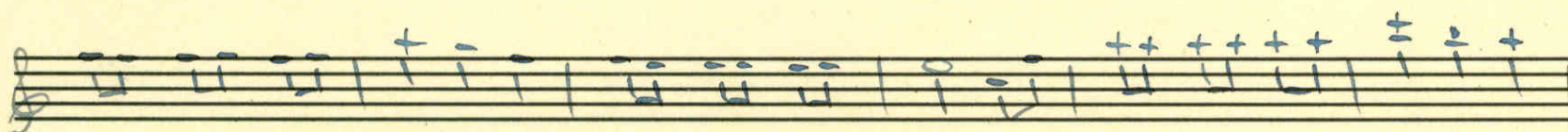
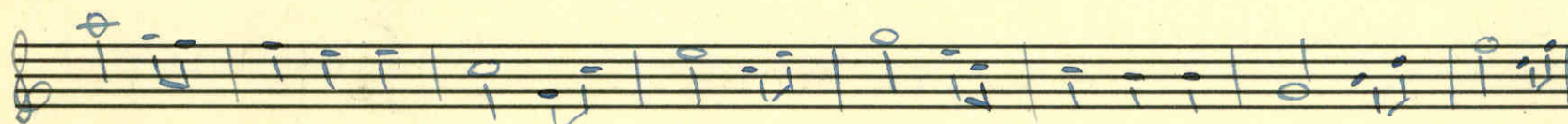
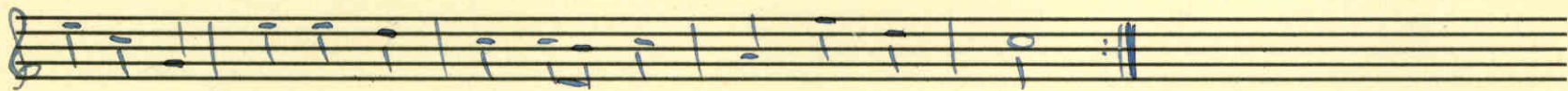
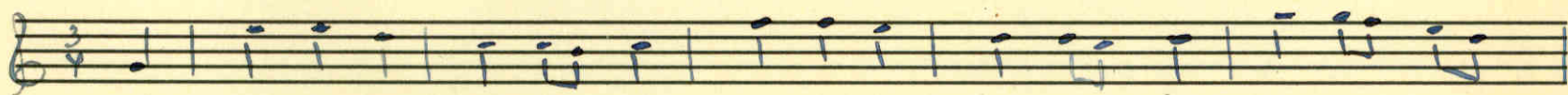
Katrinholm 1954.

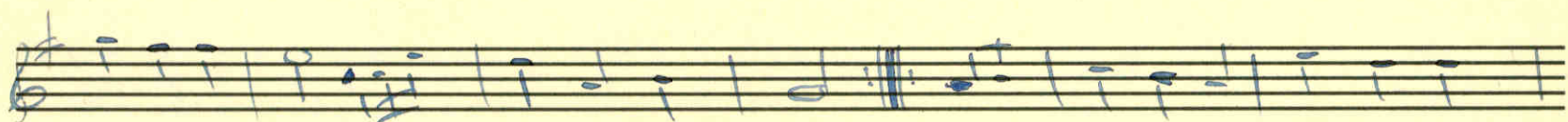
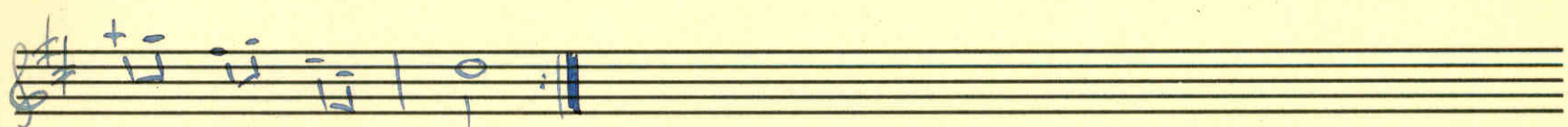
Gustaf Weller

N: v 1 Gebenoack (Lyubben Noak).

I n: r 2-9 sammanfaller notbokens och avskriftens nummer.

N: v 2. Vals.





x) 2:ra reprisen är

felnoterad. Förslag till ändring



8. Hopprvals $\frac{3}{4}$

9-14 onummeraden.

9 Vals $\frac{3}{4}$

10 Vals $\frac{3}{4}$

11 vals $\frac{3}{4}$

Bägarna utsåen av avskrivaren.

12. *Englän.* $\text{G} \flat \frac{3}{4}$

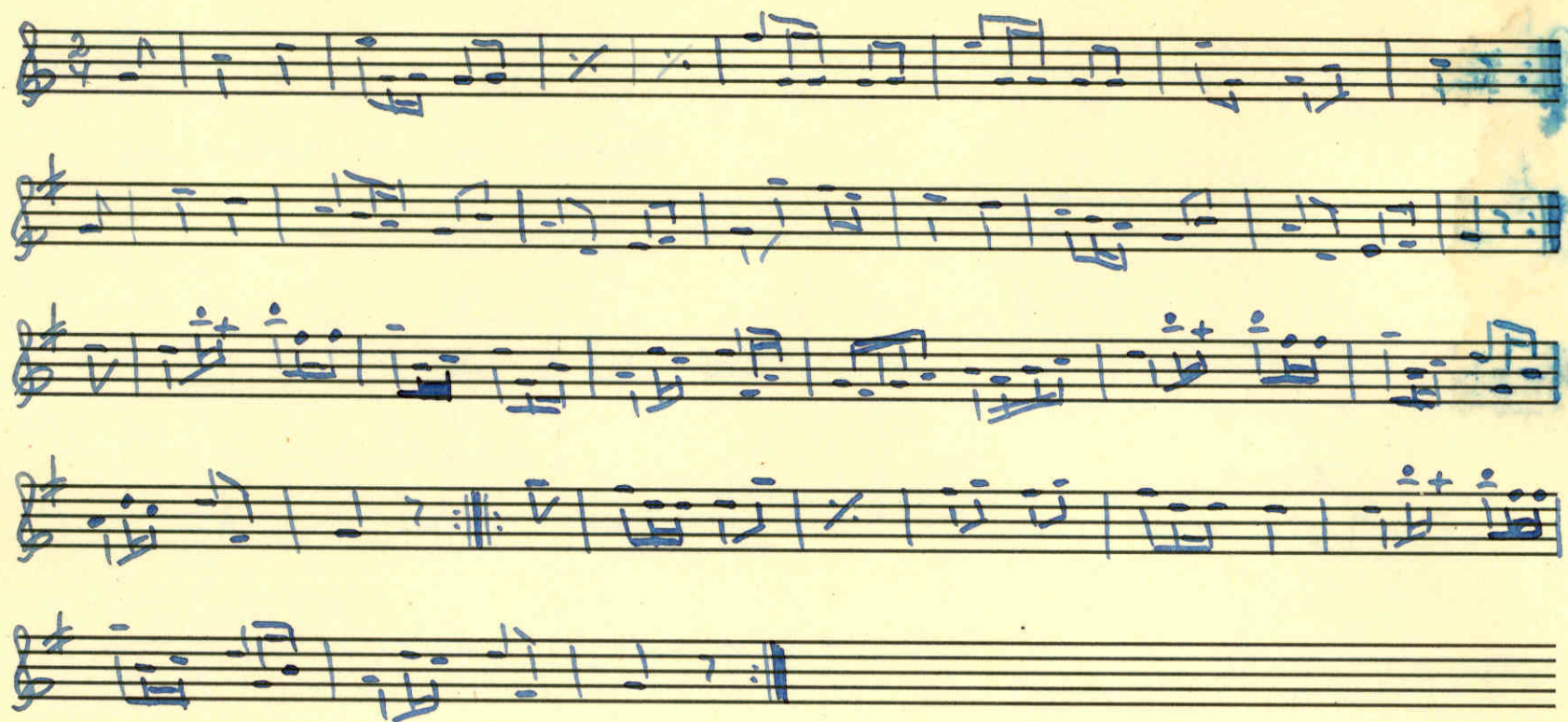
13. *Vals.* $\text{G} \sharp \frac{3}{8}$

14. *Kadrilj.* $\text{G} \sharp \frac{2}{4}$

g?

cres

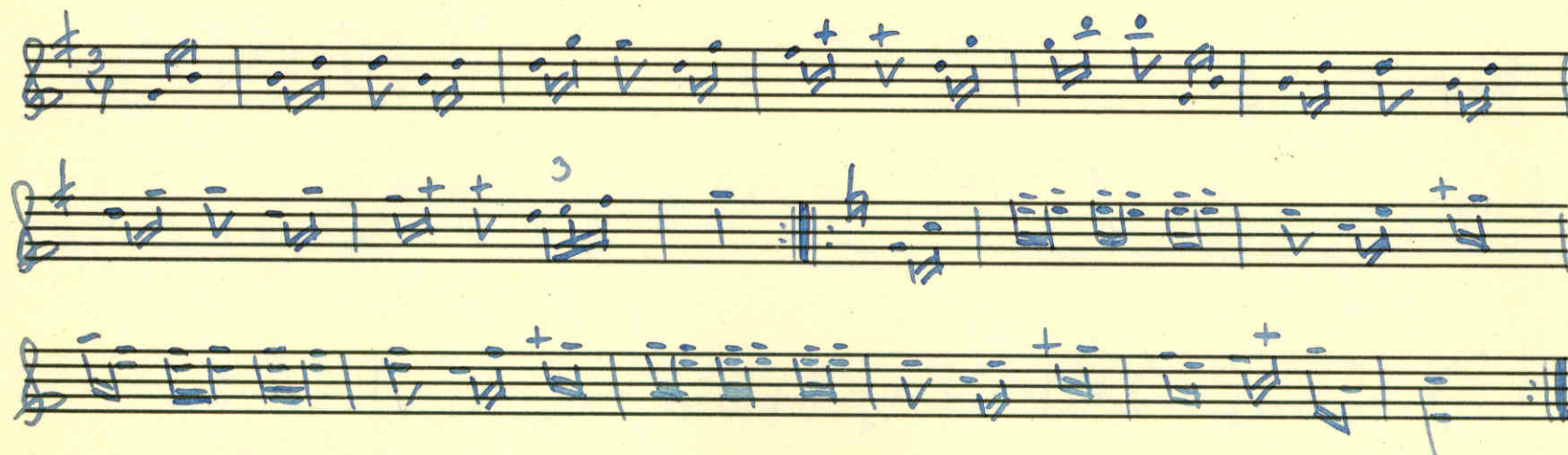
15. (9) Notbokens nummer på melodierna har jag satt i runda parentes.
Kadriy.



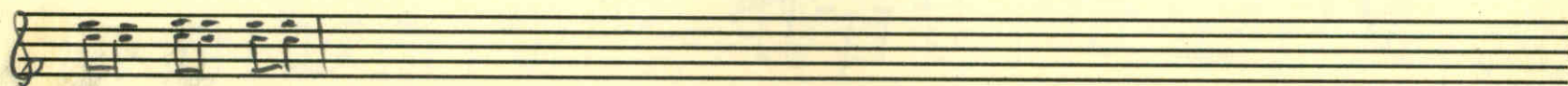
16 (10) Vals. Fragmentarisk.



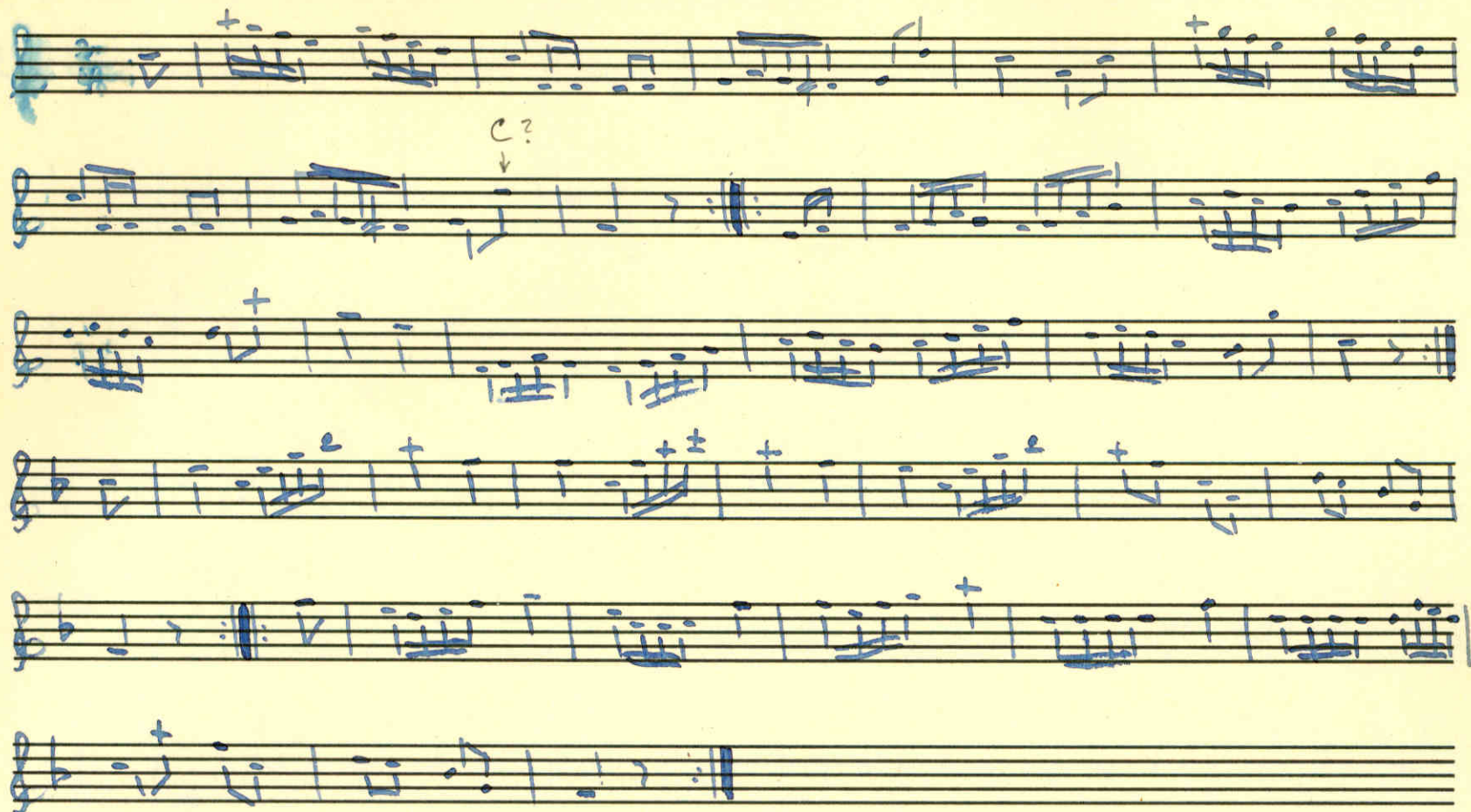
17 (10) Vals.



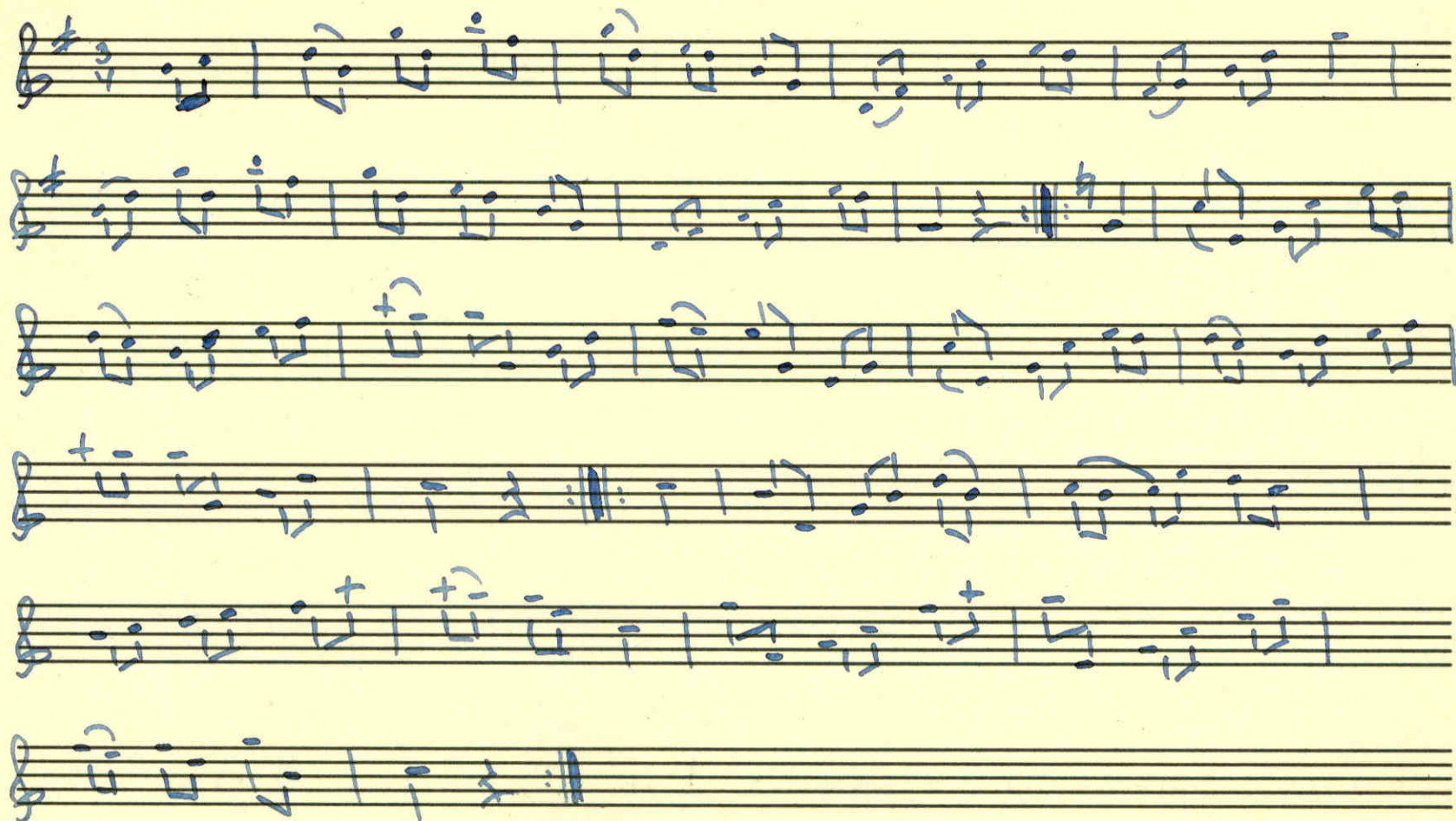
Takterna 1 och 5 i 2:a reprisen spelar man en brödspelman så:

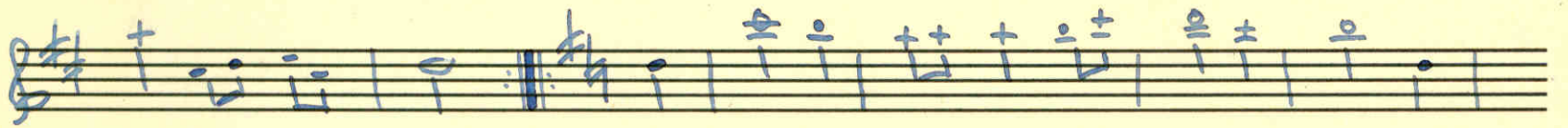


18 (11) Kadrilj. Nr 25 Samma kadrilj G och D.



19 (12) Vals.





Näst sista repr. har

7 taktar.

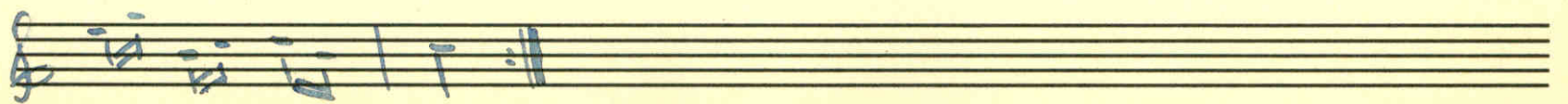
(avkr.)

Jfr. Nils Andersson: "Teckningar och Toner"
Sä öfver Sv. L. Skäm. III
nr 934

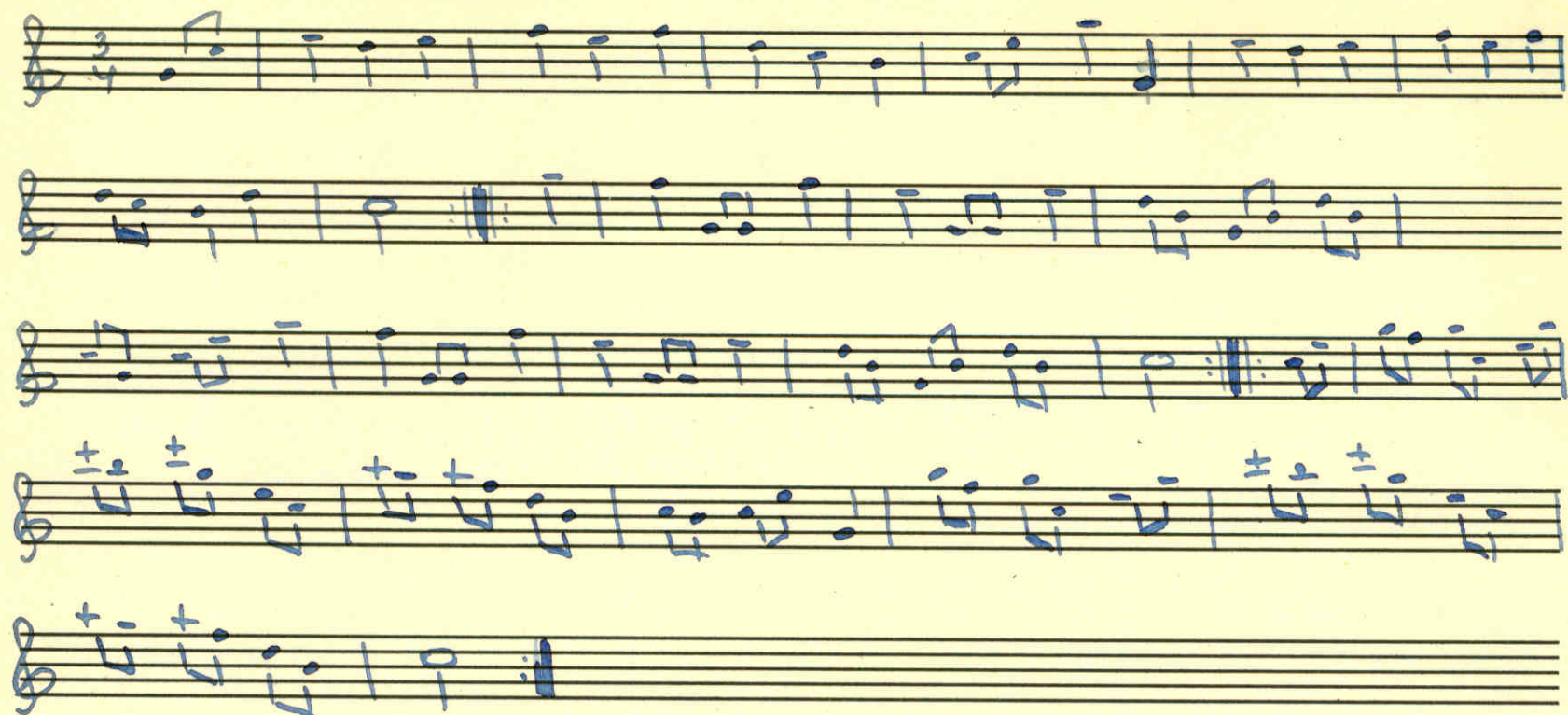
21 (13) Hopp-vals.



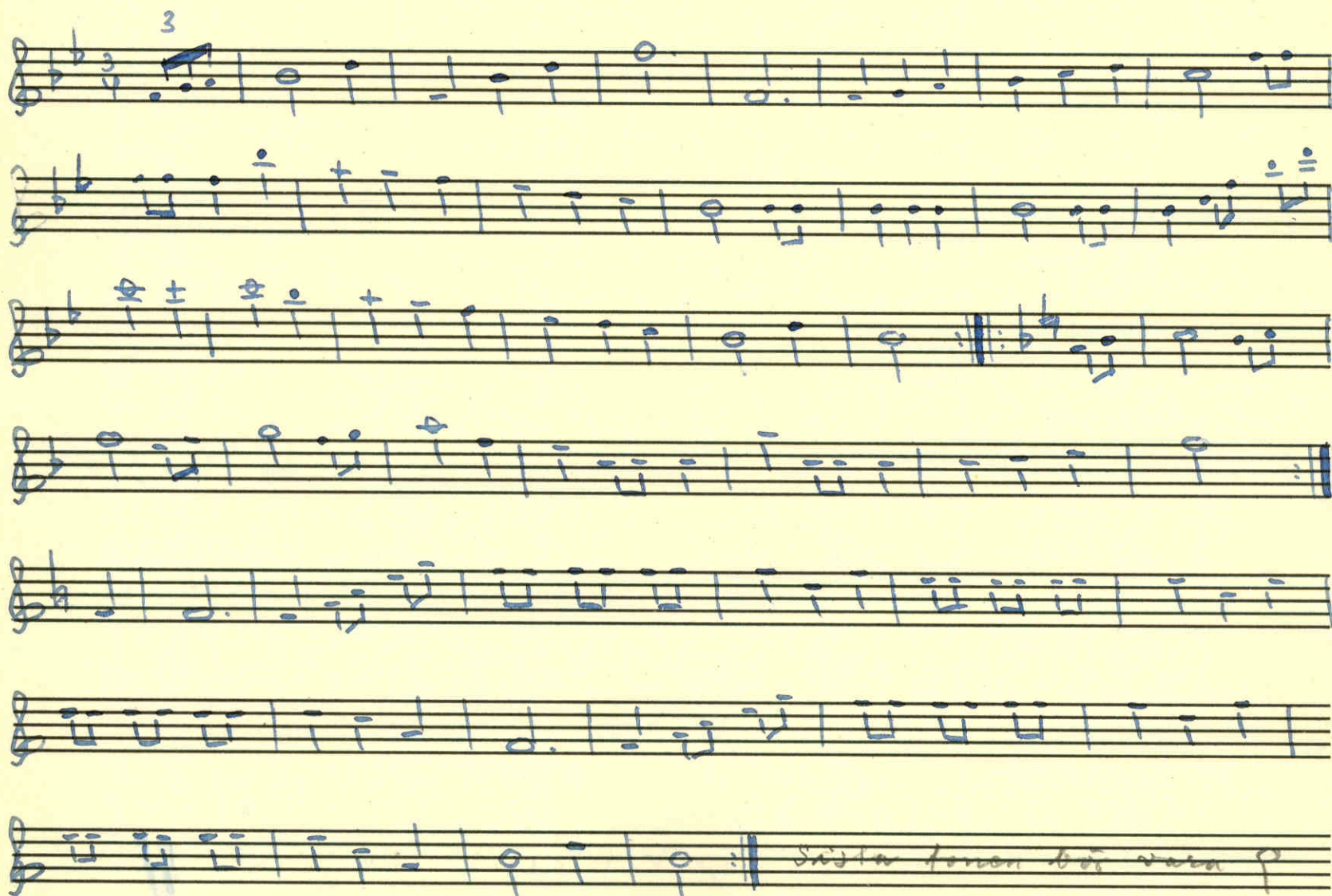
22. (14) Vals.



23. (15) vals.

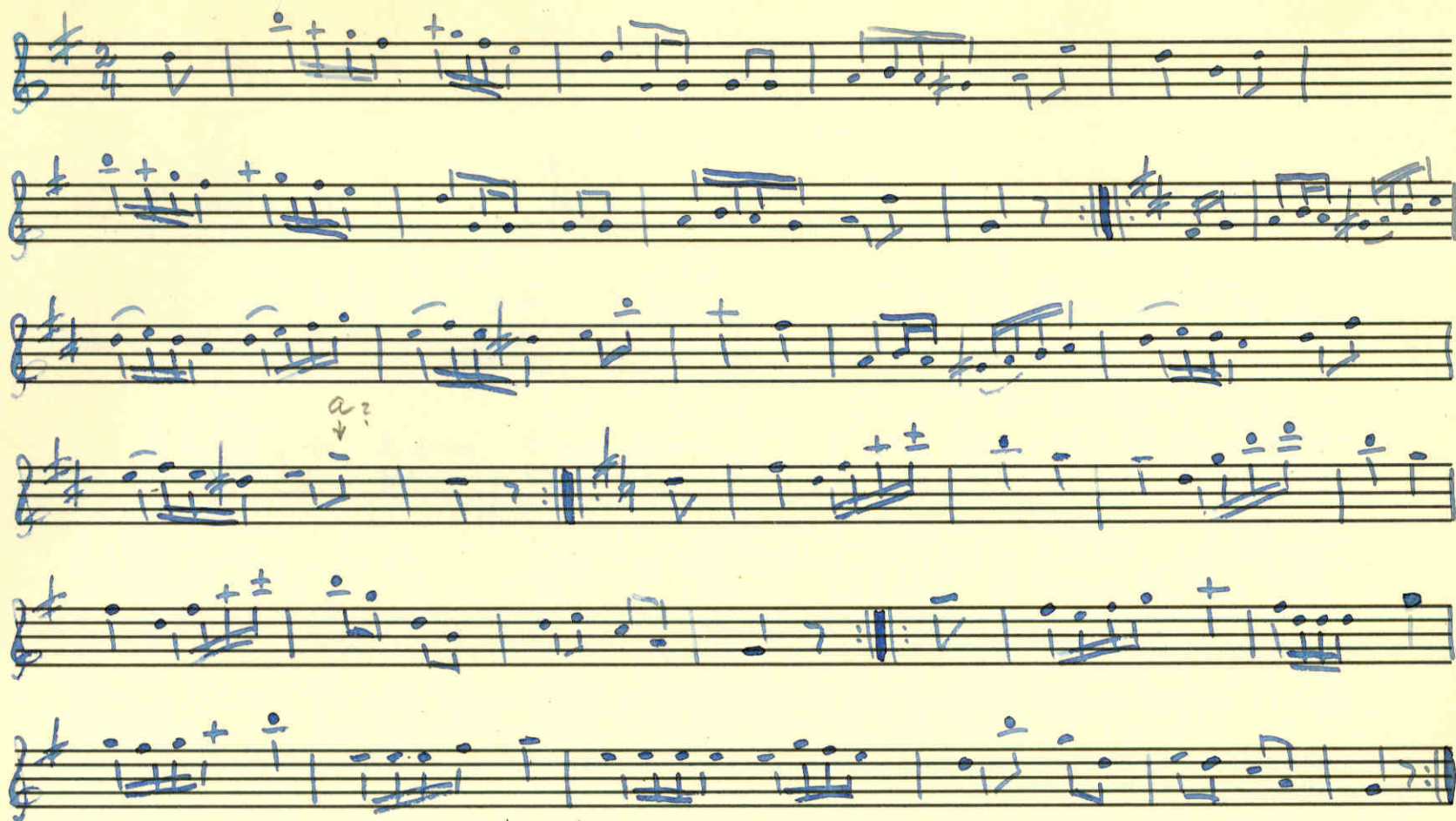


24 (16) vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ i häftet.

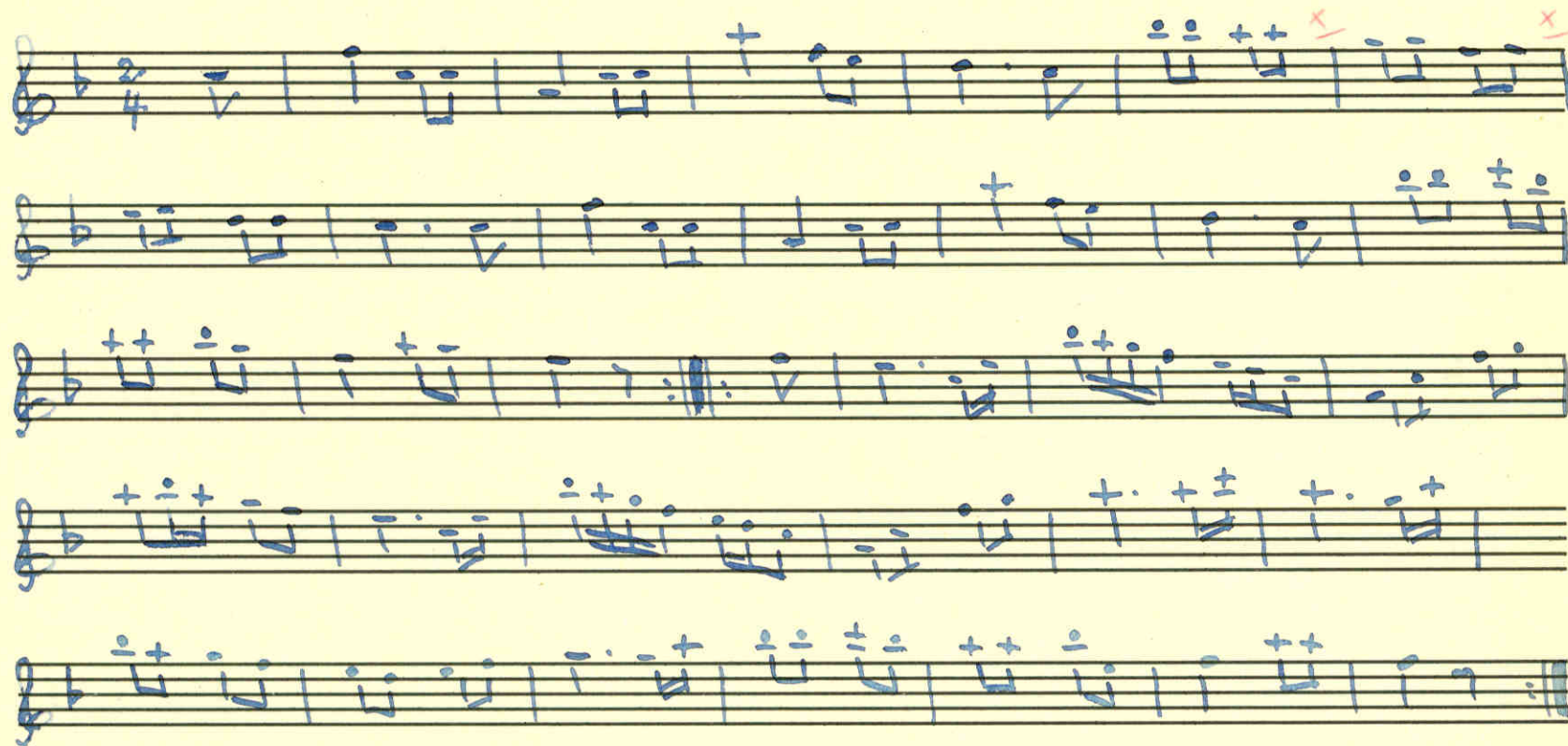


1:a repr. har 20 taktar.

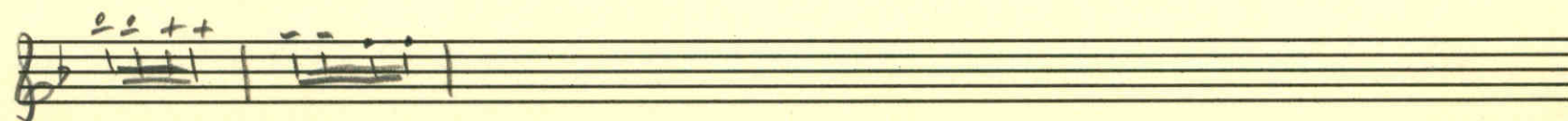
25. (17) Kadrič. Nr 18 samma kadrič i b och F.



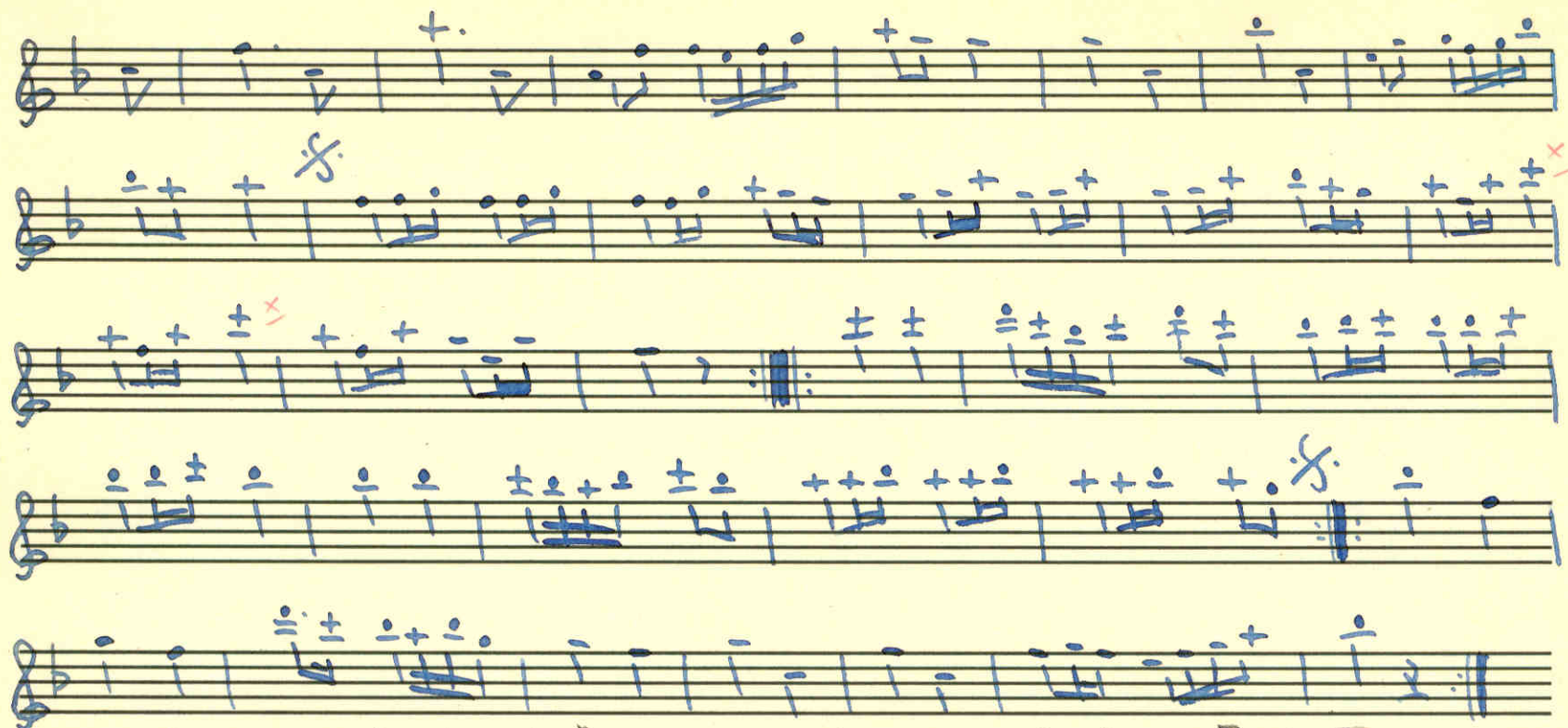
26. (18) Marsch.



~~x~~ Dessa 2 faktorer är i notboken noterade så här:



27. (19) Marsch.

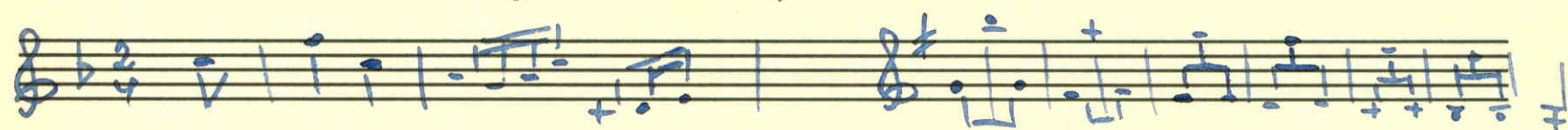


x De bisserade takterna är en reminiscens av Webers Brisketten.

28. (20) Anglän till Hopevals.



29. Kadrilj. (21) Pragmen tarisk. Fortsättningen är tofogen några takter på en vals.



30 Vals. utan nummer. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.





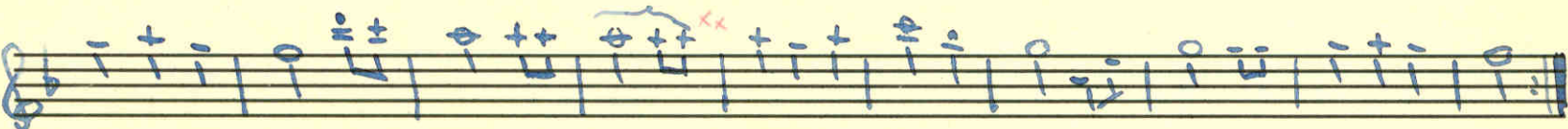
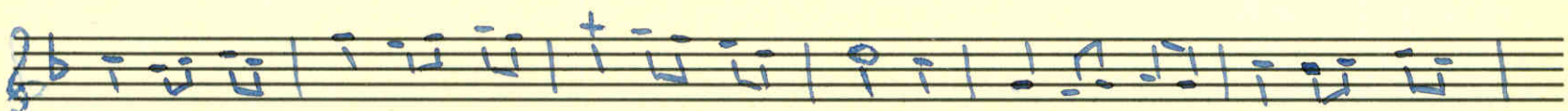
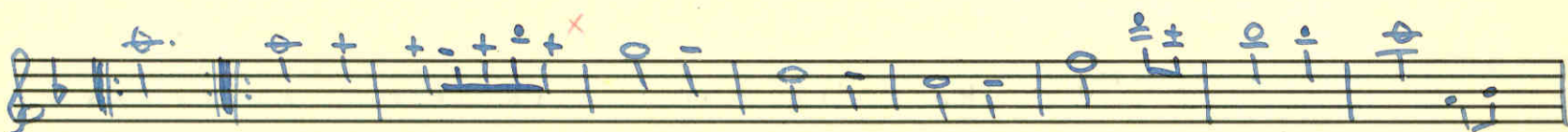
1 repr. har 10 takter.

31. Huglön (utan numrering).

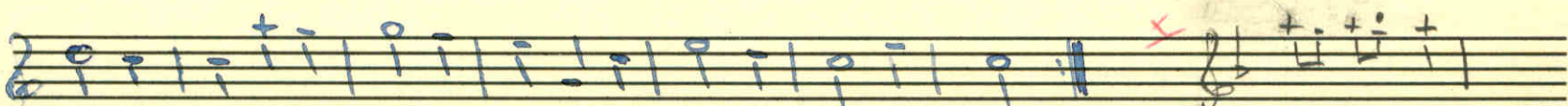


Sista repr. är felaktigt noterad.

32 (23) vals.



Kanske så:



xx Takten inskjuten av avskrivaren. Sista repr. har 15 takter. Första repr. slut vore kanske
värd så här:

33. (24). Hopp-vals.

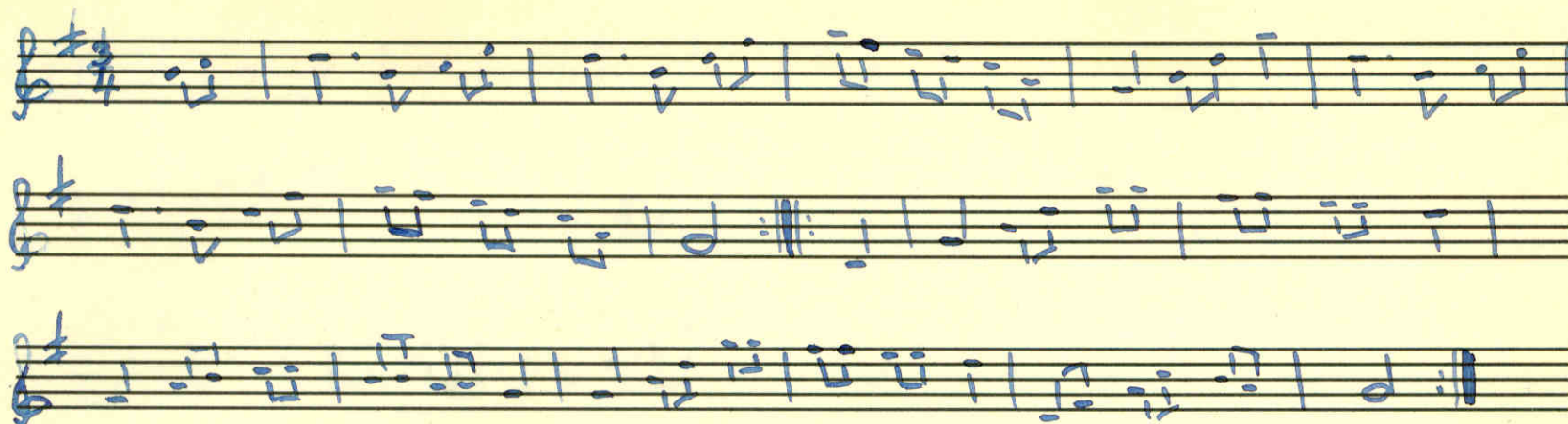
Kanske bör
skrivas så: fast tro-
ingen det
primära är
rikligast.

34 (25) Vals. 3/8 takt

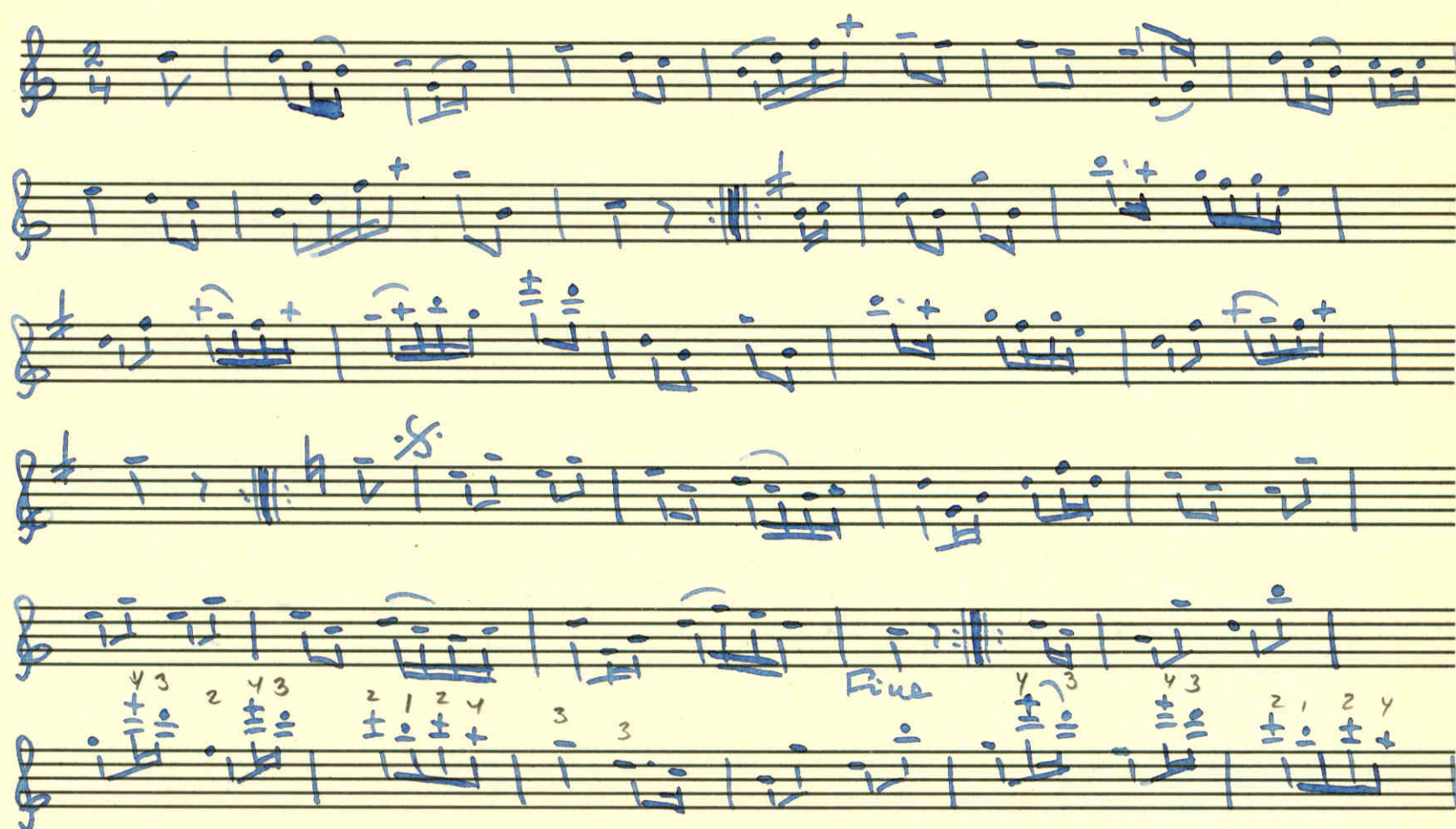
Bäst är nog att skriva om hela valseu, om den
ska kunna spelas rätt efter notbokens hänvis-
ning om repriserna. (avslut.)

35. Vals. 3/8 takt.
(26).

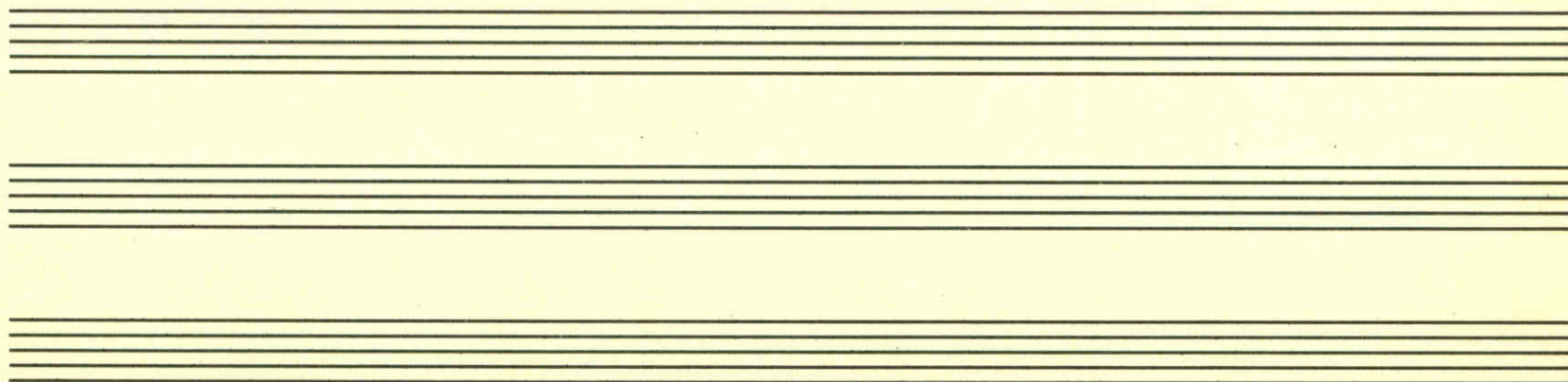
36. (27). Nals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt



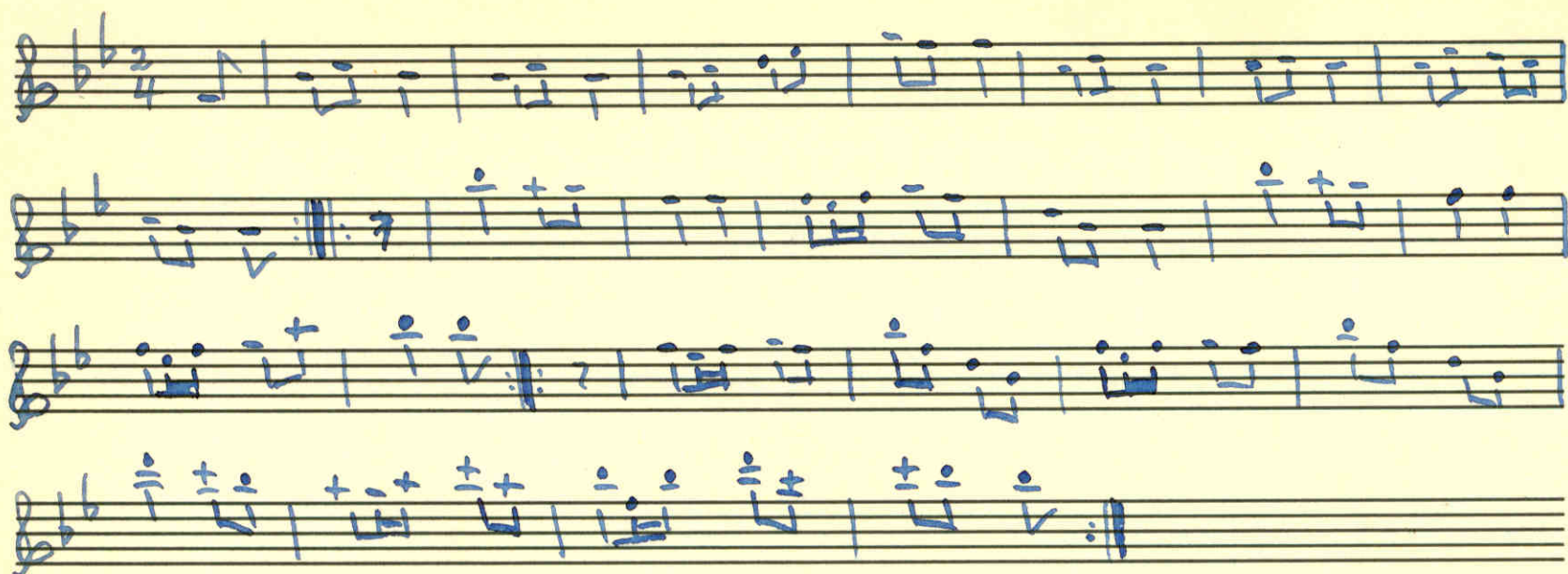
37 (28) Kadriy.



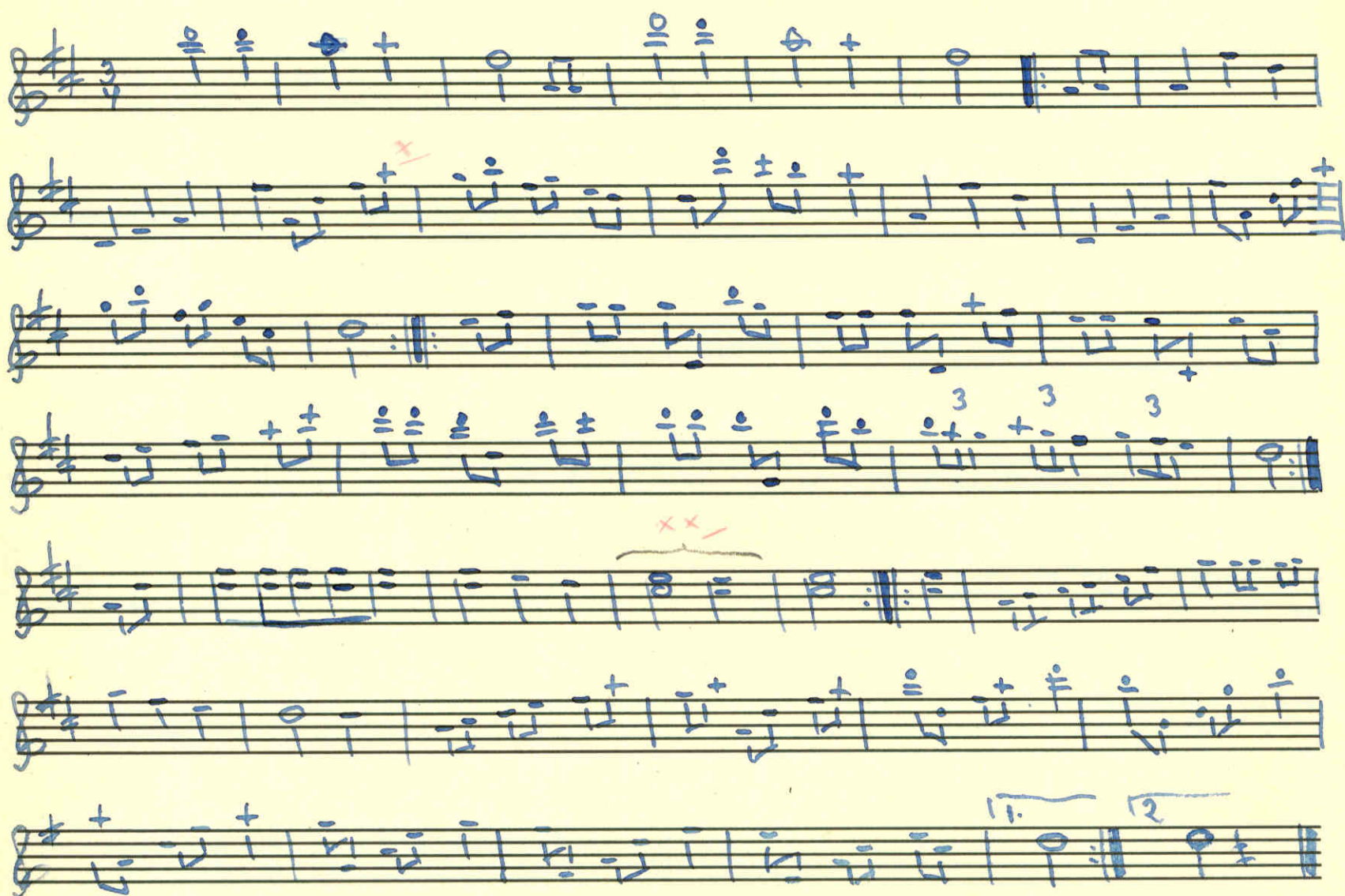

f. Dal Segno form f. tre Breve.



38. (29). Galopp-vals.

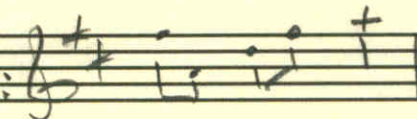


39 (30) Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt



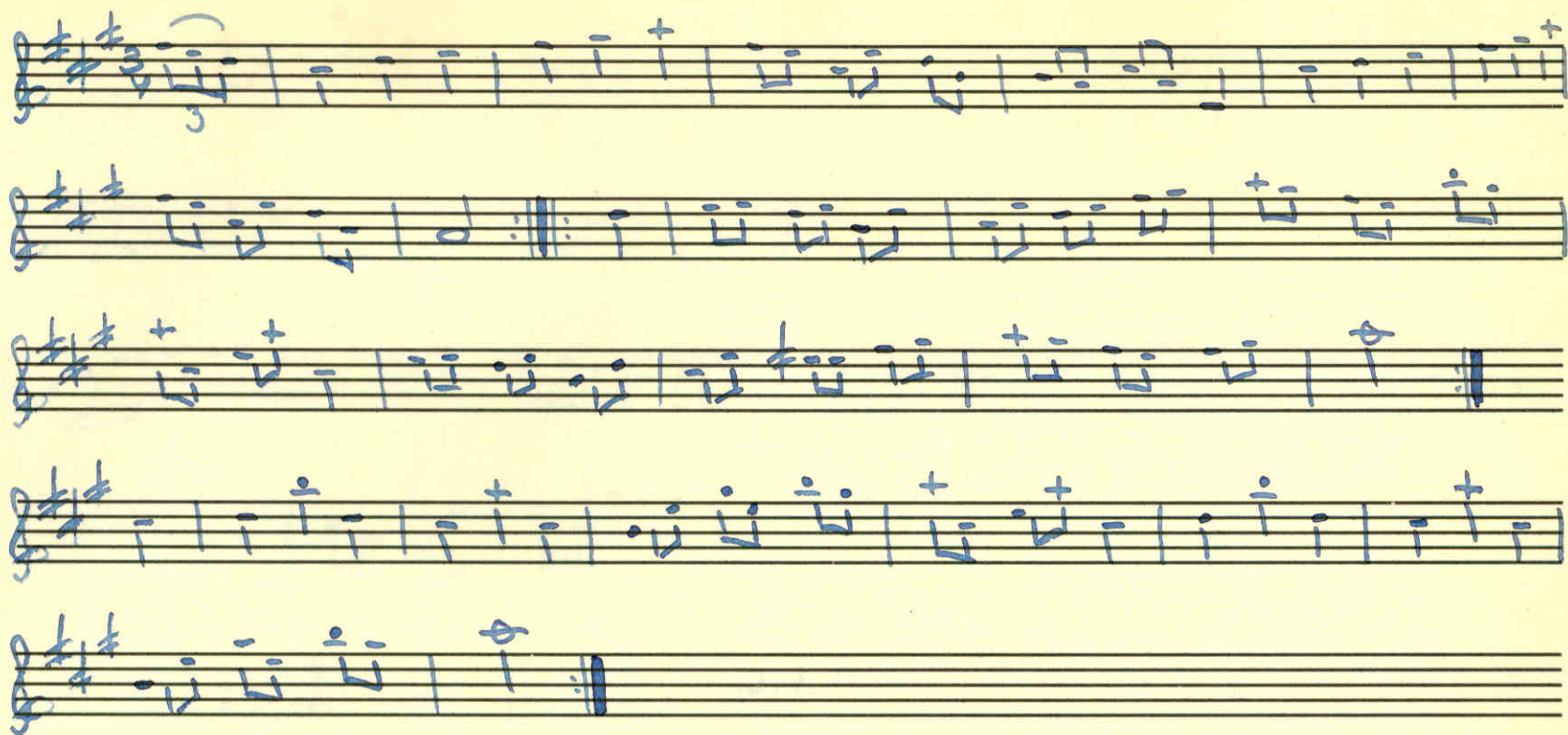
x/ Fel avskrivet.

den vara så:

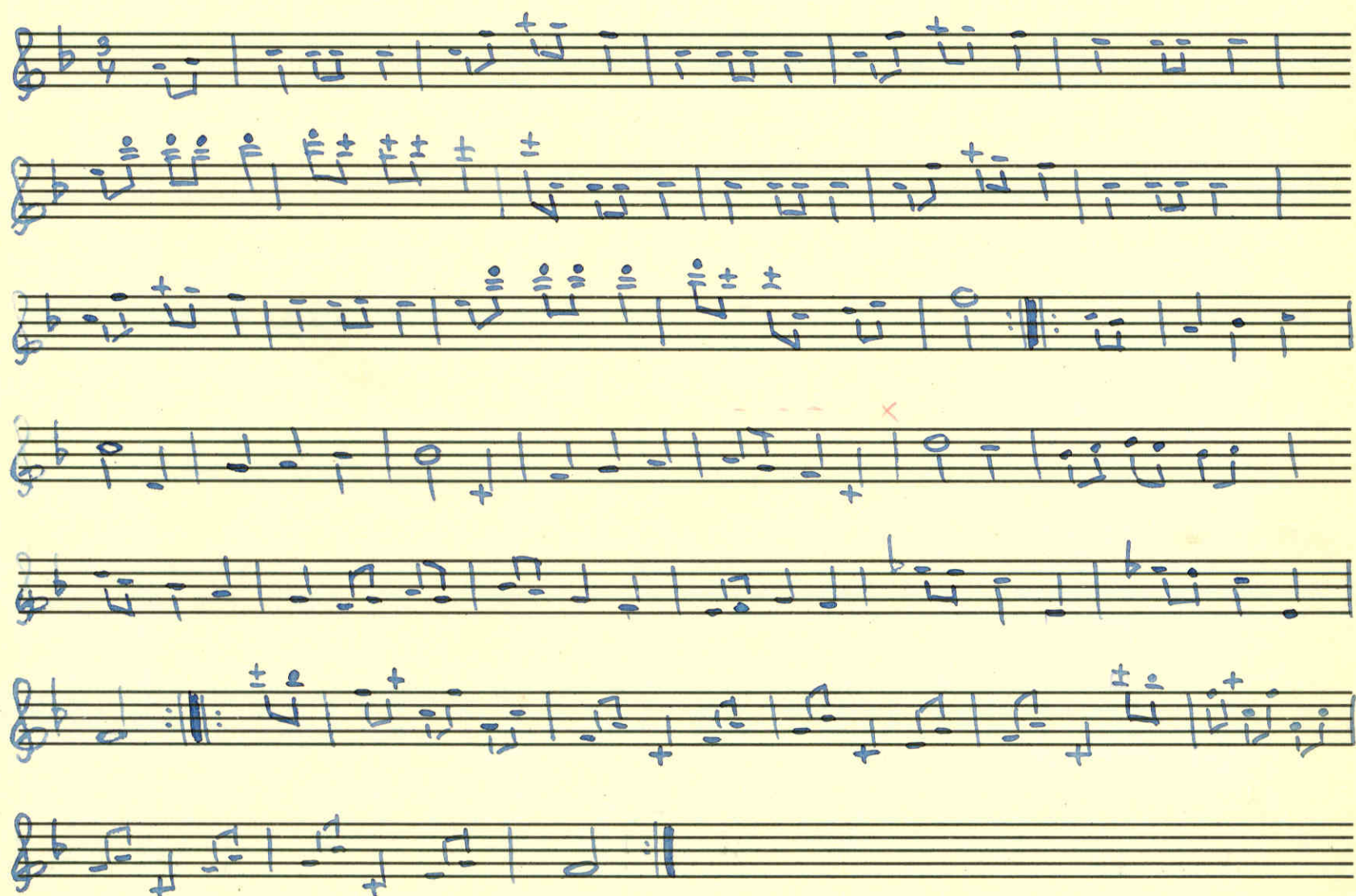


xx Takten iuskjuten
av avskrivaren

40 (31) Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.

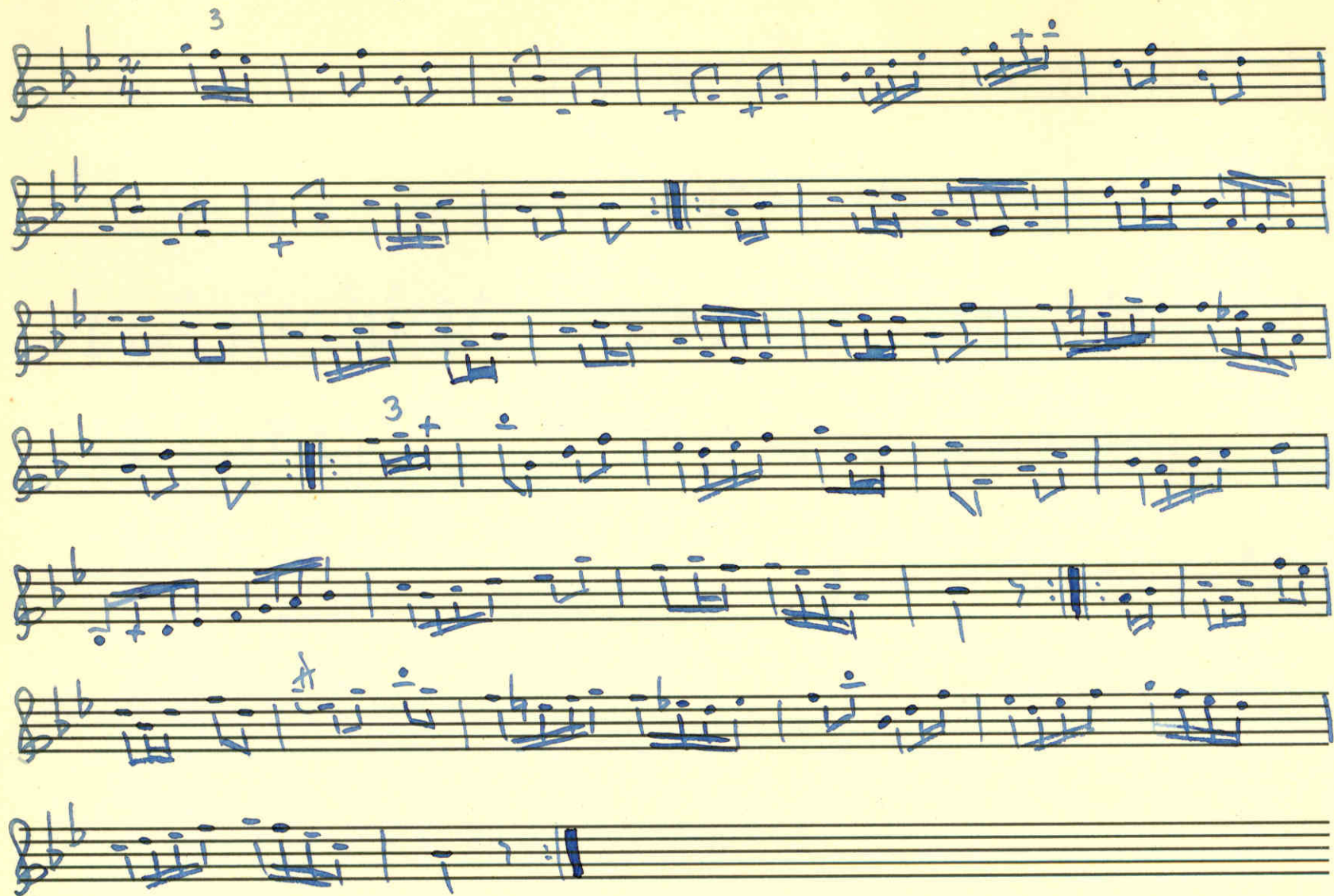


41. (32) Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.

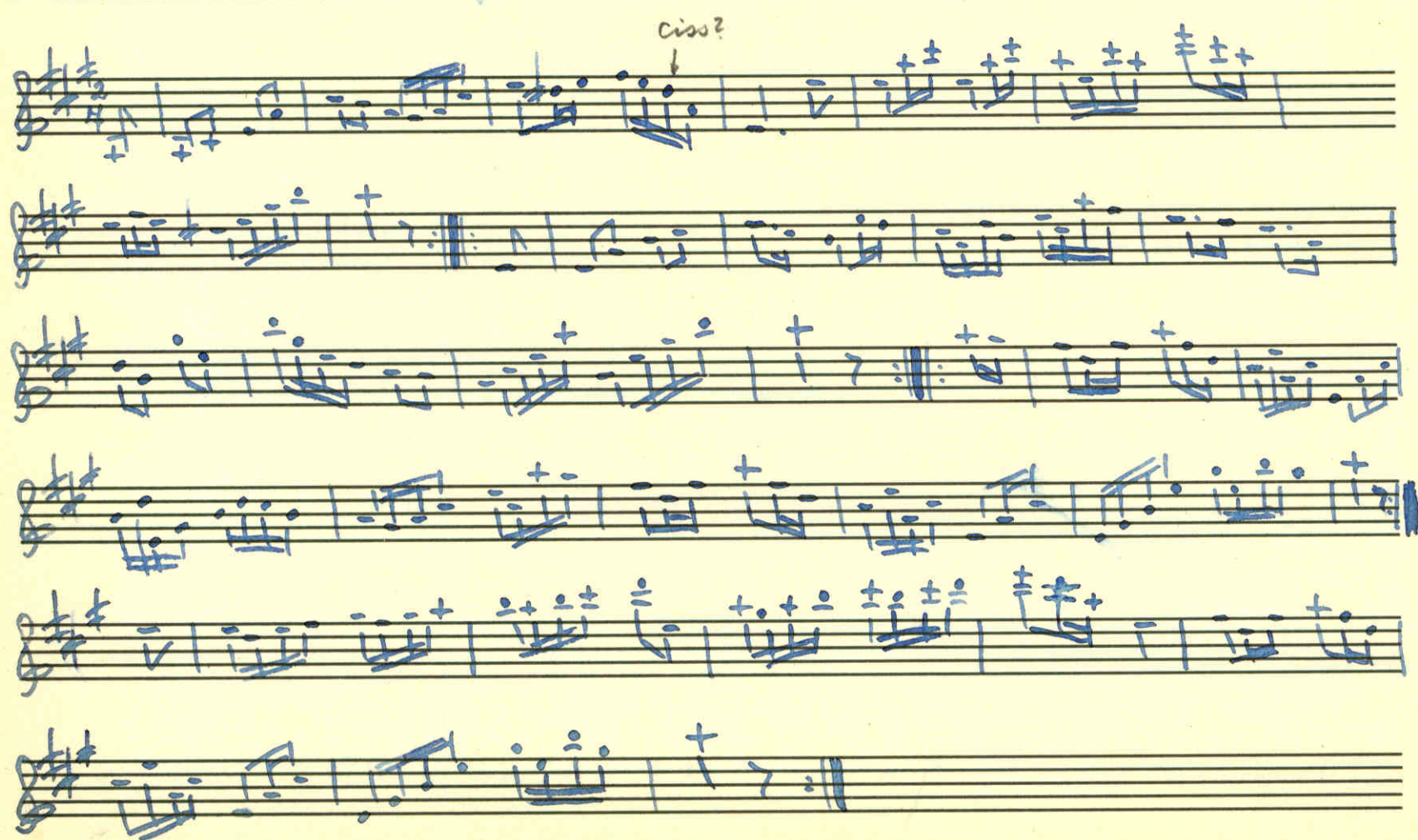


^{x/1} 2. va repr. has 15 taktas. Takt 6 kan (o. för) biss exas.

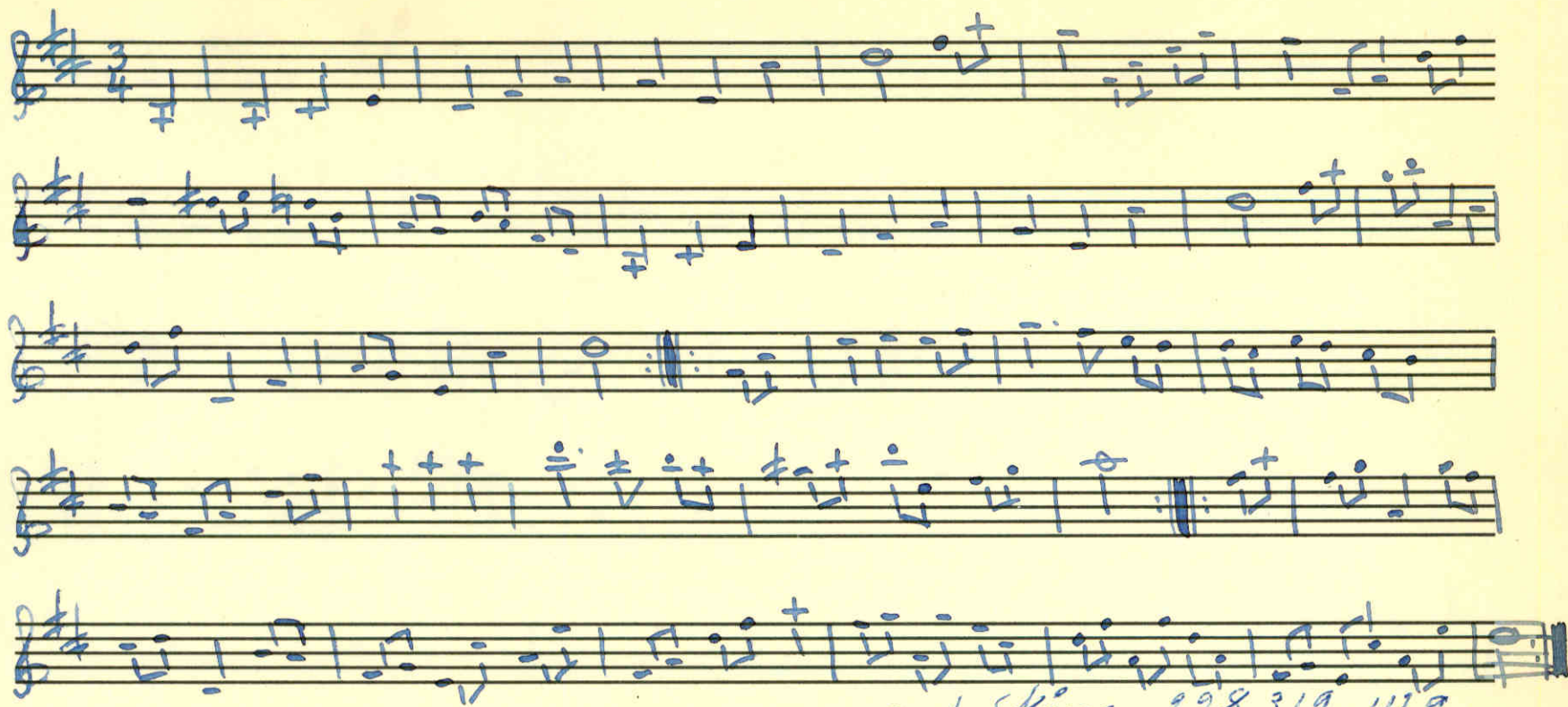
42. (33) Kadriylj.



43. (34) Kadriylj.

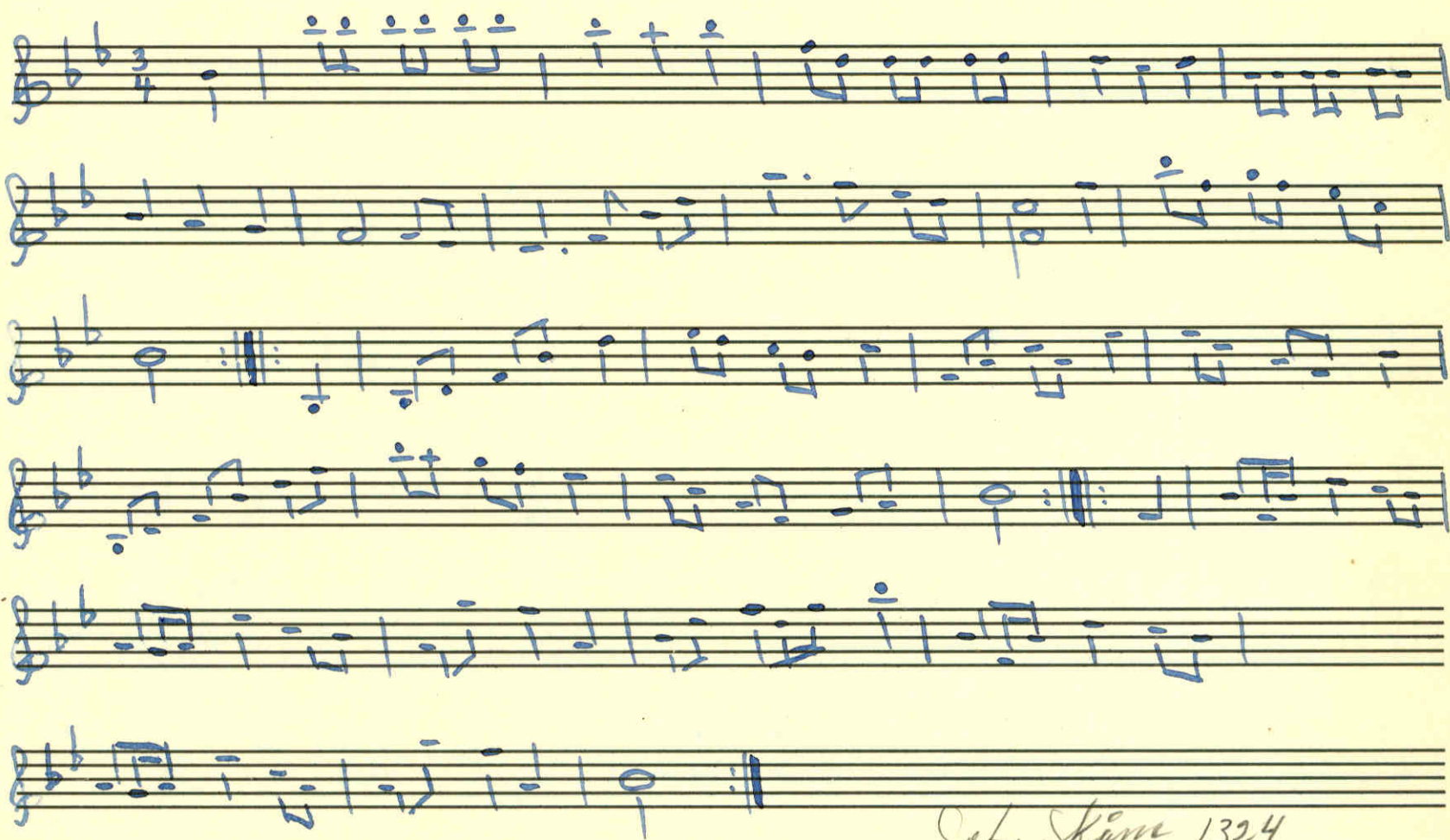


44. (35) Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



Sol. Skane 228, 319, 1129

Vals 45. (36) $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



Sol. Skane 1324

46. (37) Galopp-vals.

Handwritten musical score for 'Galopp-vals.' in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The score consists of five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various rhythmic values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together, and rests. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

"Rekorder för fiolinst"
följer sedan:

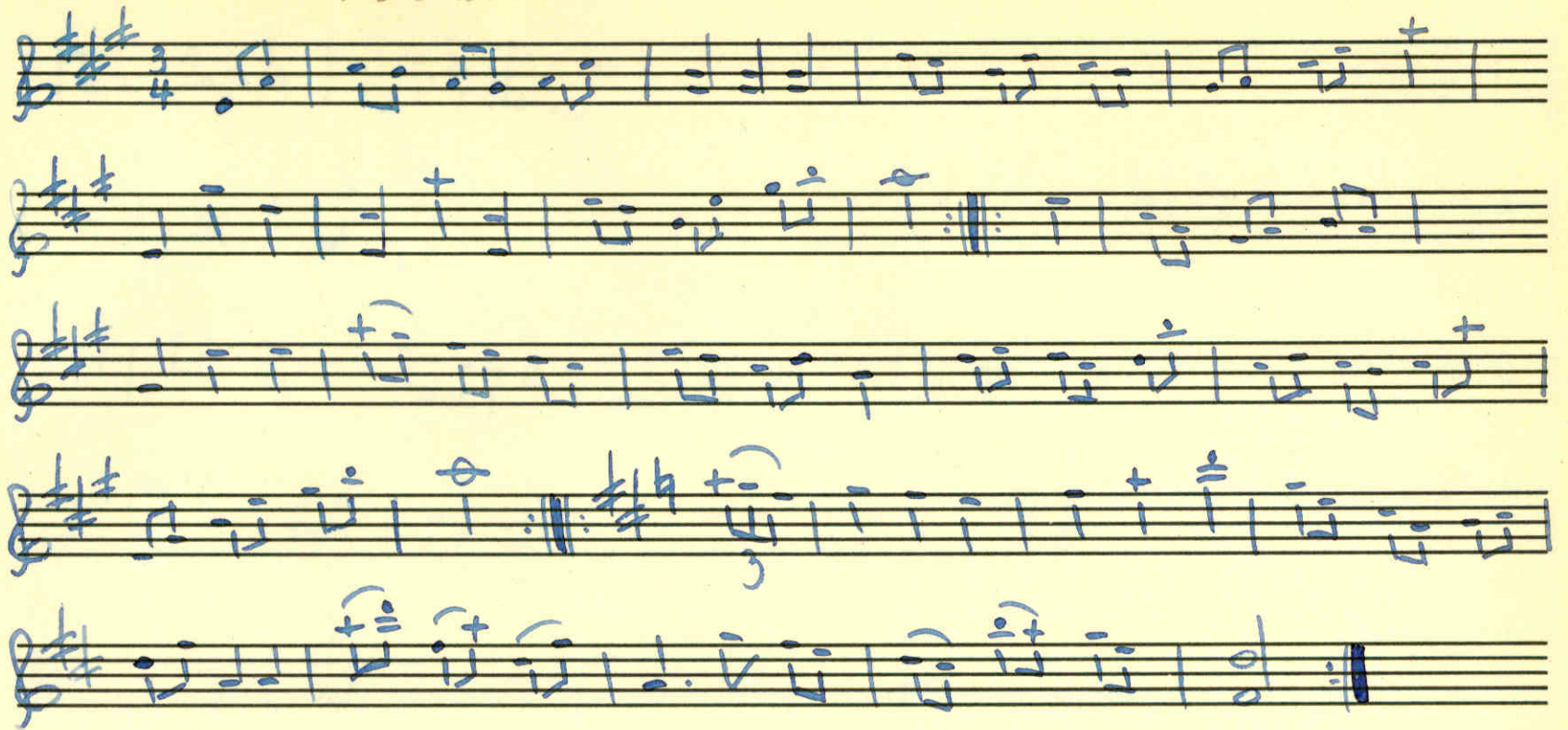
G. A. D. A. E.
F. B och D_{ess} (= Ess) -dur.

47. (38) Polonäs.

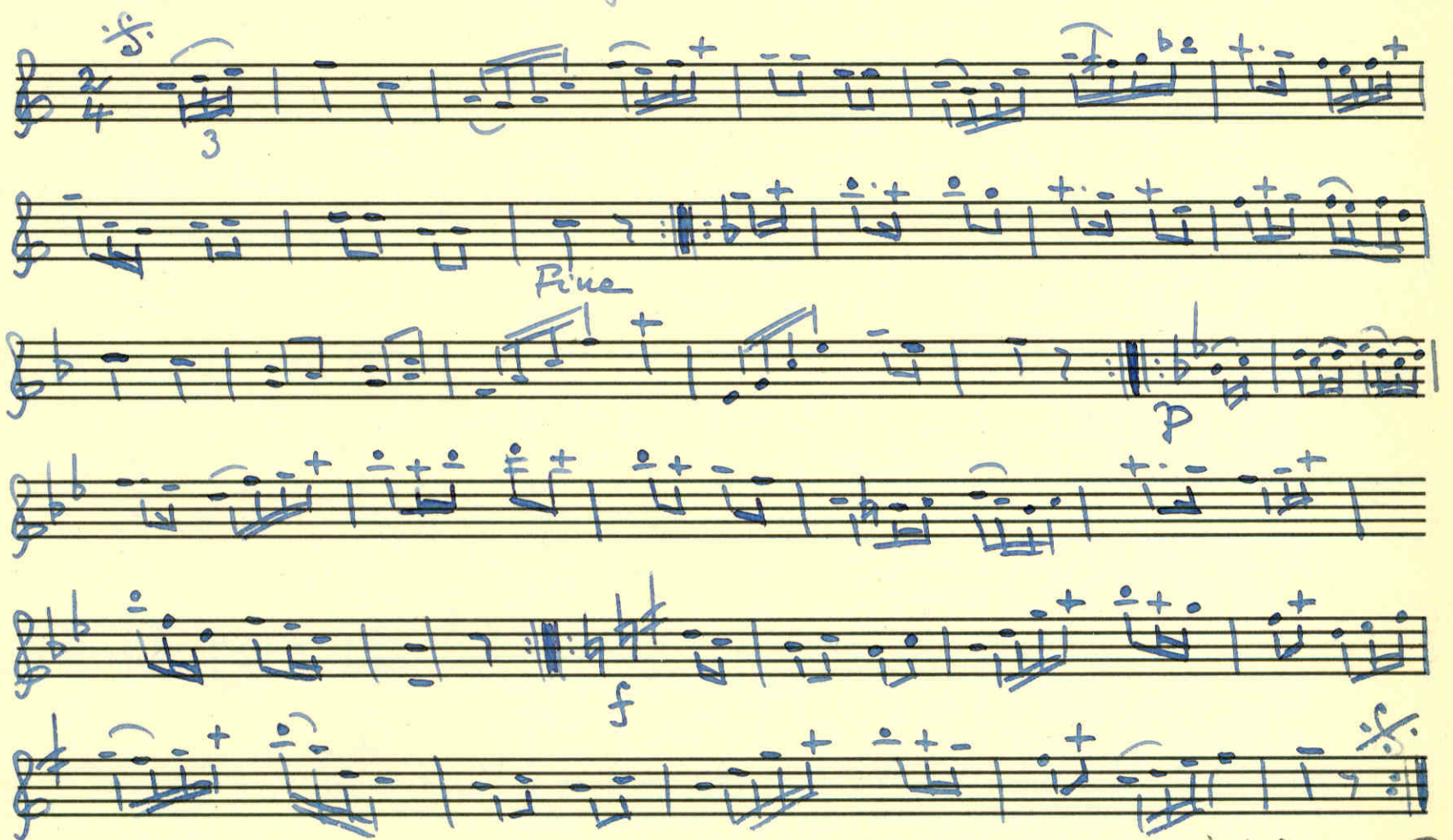
Handwritten musical score for 'Polonäs.' in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The score consists of five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/4 time signature. The notation features many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, characteristic of a polka. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Two sets of empty musical staves, each consisting of five lines, located at the bottom of the page.

48. (38) Vals, komponerat den 30 sept. 1845 av A. H. - B. g.
3/8 takt.



49. (39) Kadrilj.



Val Segno al Fine.

Modulationen från B-dur till E-dur (3:e och 4:e re-
priser) är intressant.

50. (40) Marsch.

Handwritten musical score for a march, numbered 50. The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The piece consists of 10 staves of music. A red 'x' is written above the 9th staff, and a red 'x/-' is written above the 7th staff. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots on the 10th staff.

x I notkäftet
står:

vilket måste vara
felskrifning.

51. Galopp-val.

Efter nr. 40 upphör att numrering i
notkäftet.

Handwritten musical score for a gallop, numbered 51. The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The piece consists of 4 staves of music. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots on the 4th staff.

52. Kadriy.

Handwritten musical score for 52. Kadriy. The score is written on six staves in 2/4 time, featuring a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and dynamic markings. A handwritten 'Pine' is visible above the third staff.

53. Kadriy.

Handwritten musical score for 53. Kadriy. The score is written on six staves in 2/4 time, featuring a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and dynamic markings. A handwritten 'Pine' is visible above the third staff. There are also handwritten annotations 'el' and '2?' on the fourth staff.

54. Kadrilj.

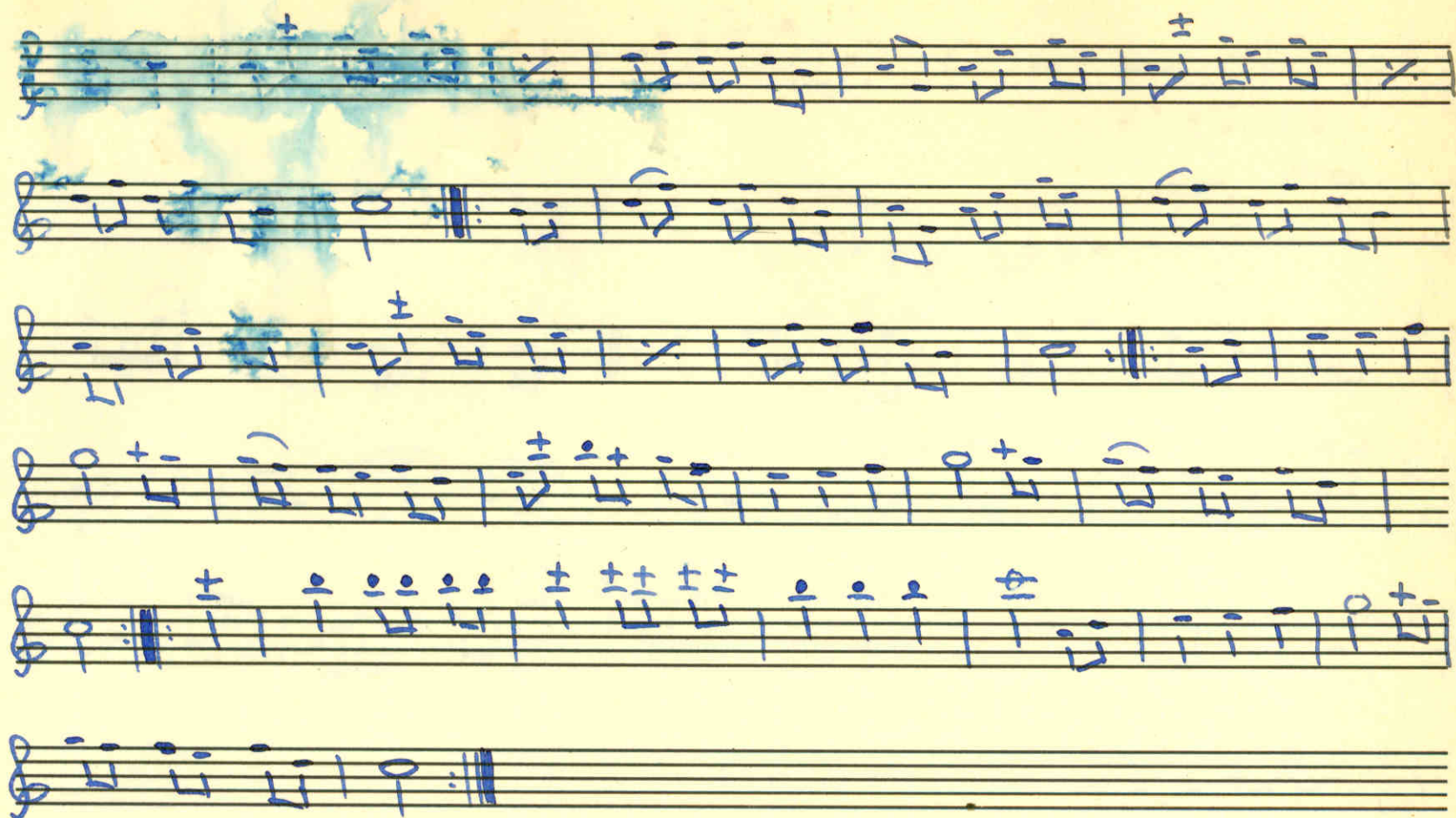
Handwritten musical score for "Kadrilj" in 2/4 time, featuring a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature of 2/4. The score consists of seven staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature of 2/4. The music is written in a single melodic line. The second staff has a "Fine" marking below it. The third staff continues the melody. The fourth staff continues the melody. The fifth staff continues the melody. The sixth staff continues the melody. The seventh staff ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

56. Wals $\frac{3}{8}$ Takt.

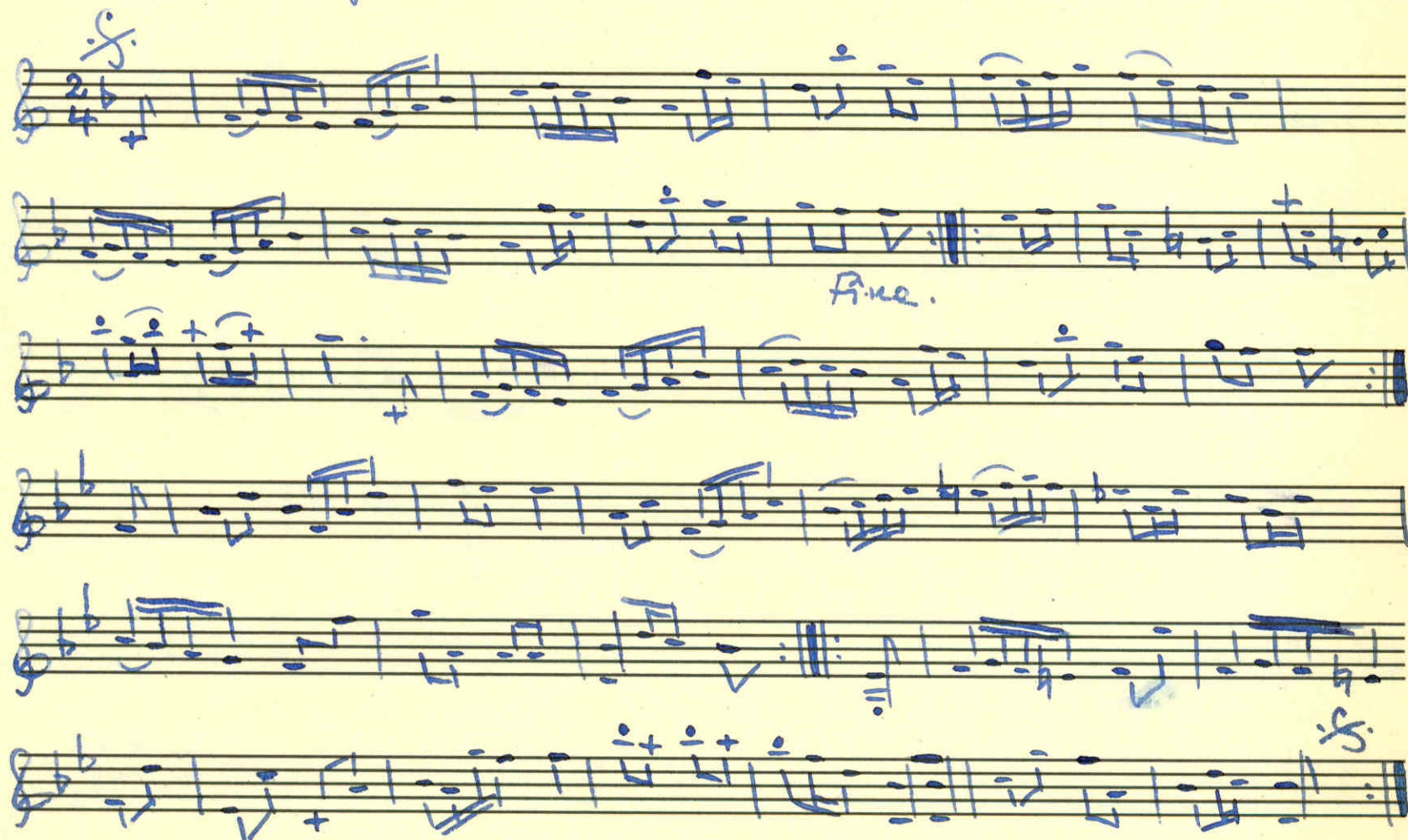
Handwritten musical score for "Wals" in 3/8 time, featuring a treble clef, key signature of one flat (Bb), and a common time signature of 3/8. The score consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (Bb), and a common time signature of 3/8. The music is written in a single melodic line. The second staff continues the melody. The third staff continues the melody. The fourth staff continues the melody and ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Two empty musical staves.

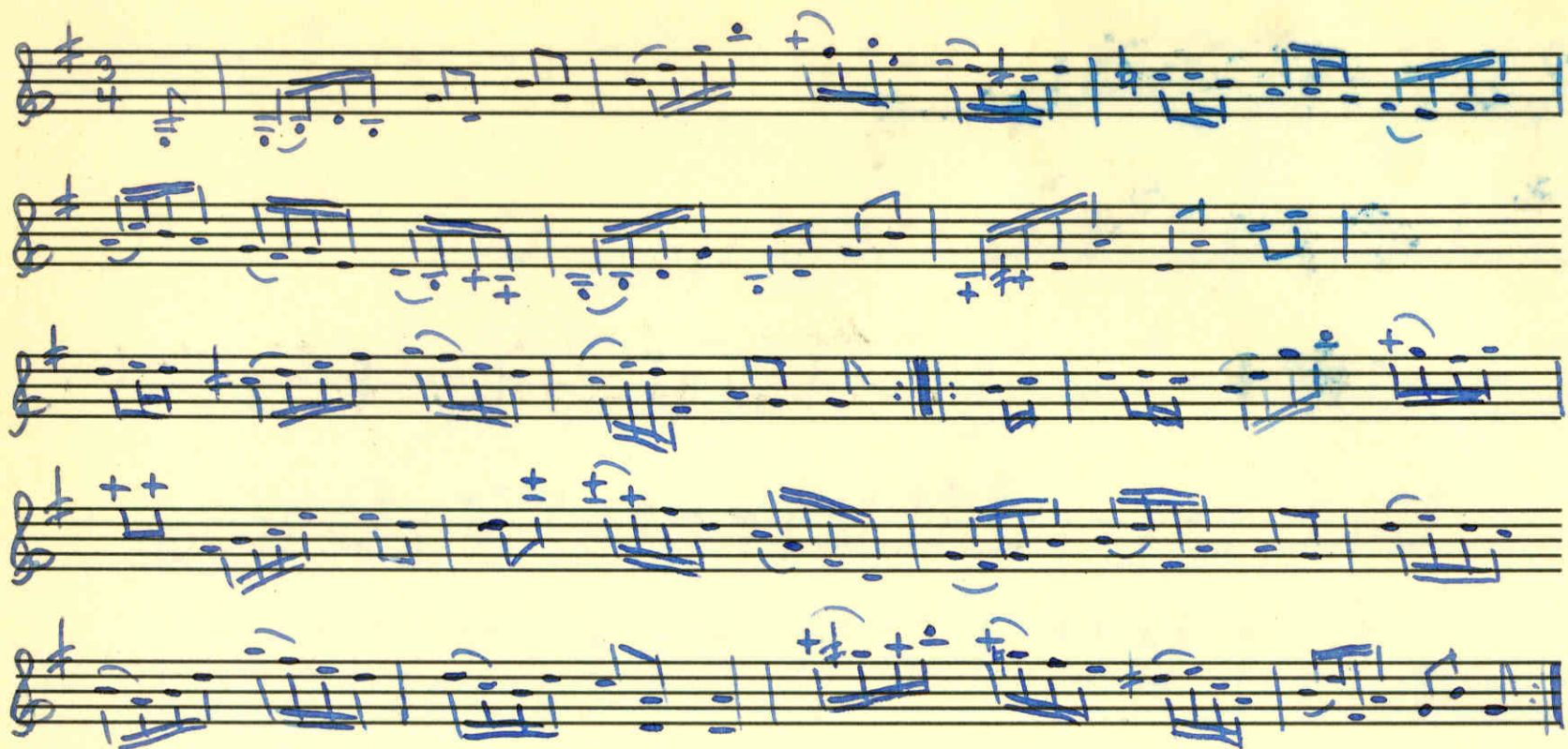
57. *Waltz.* $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



58. *Kadrilj.*



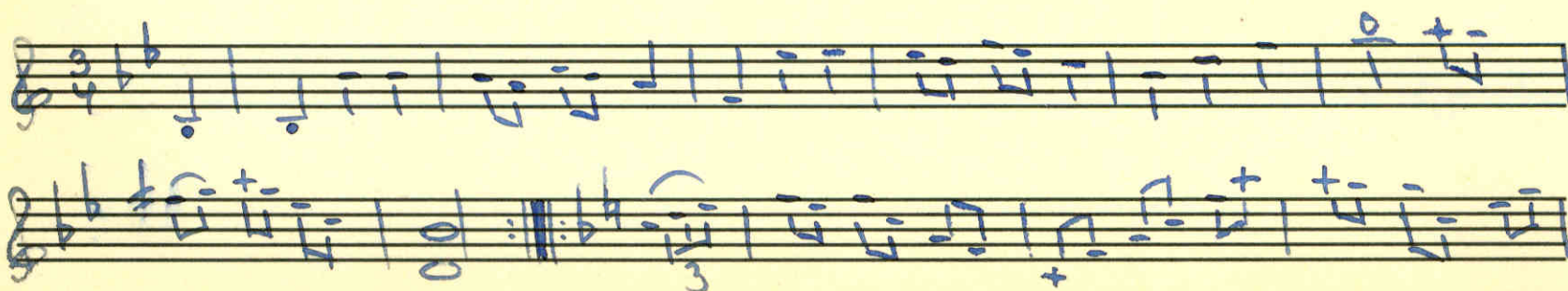
59. Polonäs.

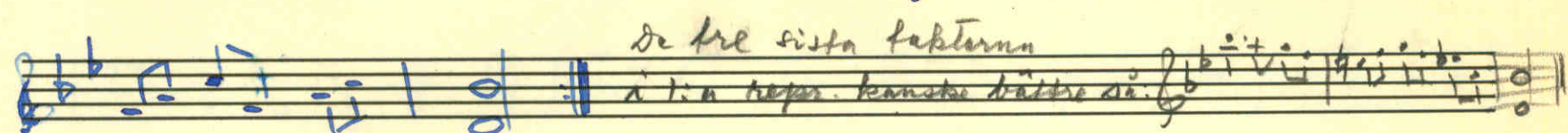


60. Polonäs.

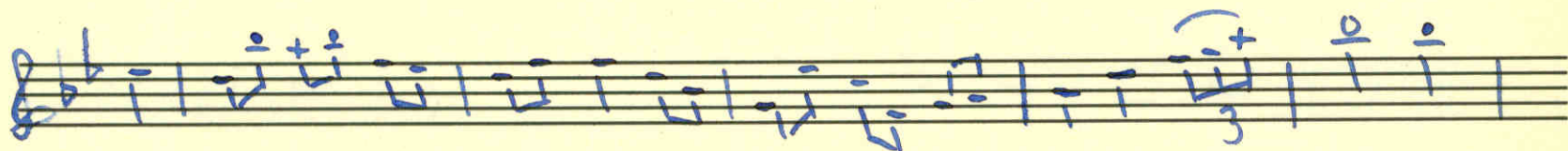


61. Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ - takt.

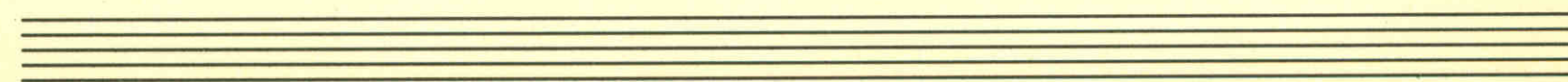
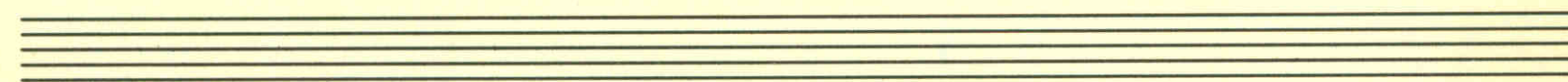




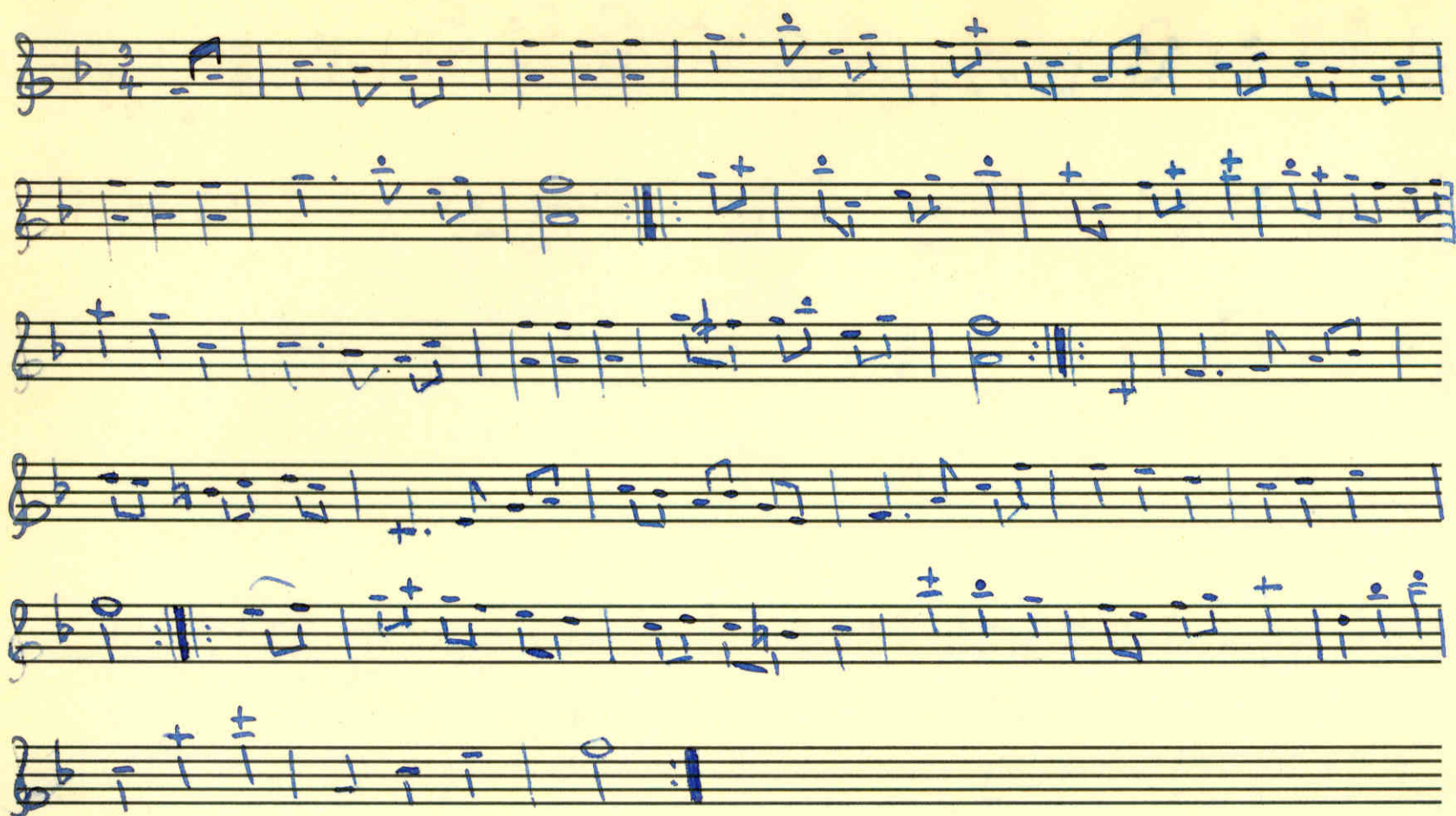
62. Vals. 3/8 takt.



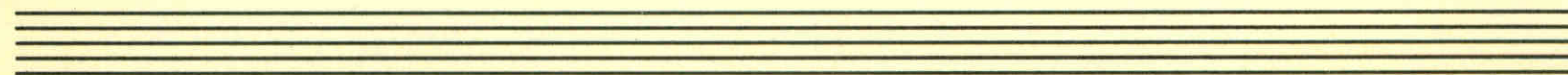
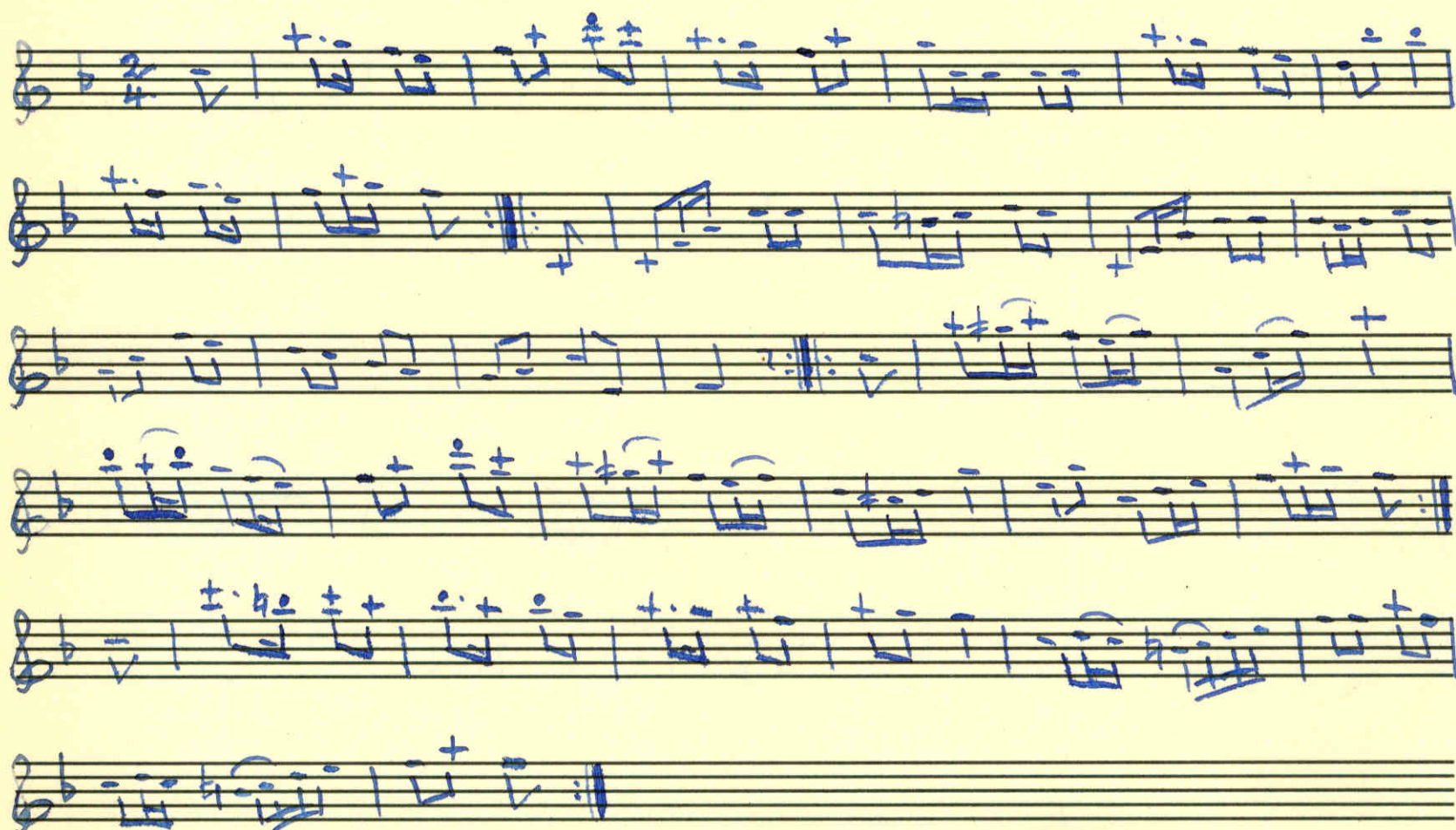
63. Anglän.



64. Vals komponerad av Olsson i Honeberga den 7 oktober 1845.
 $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



65. Galopp.



66. Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.

Handwritten musical score for a waltz in G major, 3/8 time. The score consists of six staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/8 time signature. It contains a triplet of eighth notes followed by several measures of music with various note values and rests. The subsequent staves continue the melody and accompaniment, featuring repeat signs and ending with double bar lines. The notation includes many beamed eighth and sixteenth notes, typical of a waltz tempo.

67. Galopp av Olsson

Handwritten musical score for a gallop in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 2/4 time signature. It starts with a series of eighth notes marked with '+' signs, indicating a rhythmic pattern. The music continues with various note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The score includes repeat signs and ends with a double bar line. The notation is dense with many beamed notes, characteristic of a fast gallop tempo.

Two empty musical staves at the bottom of the page.

68. Kadrilj av O. Ohlsson.

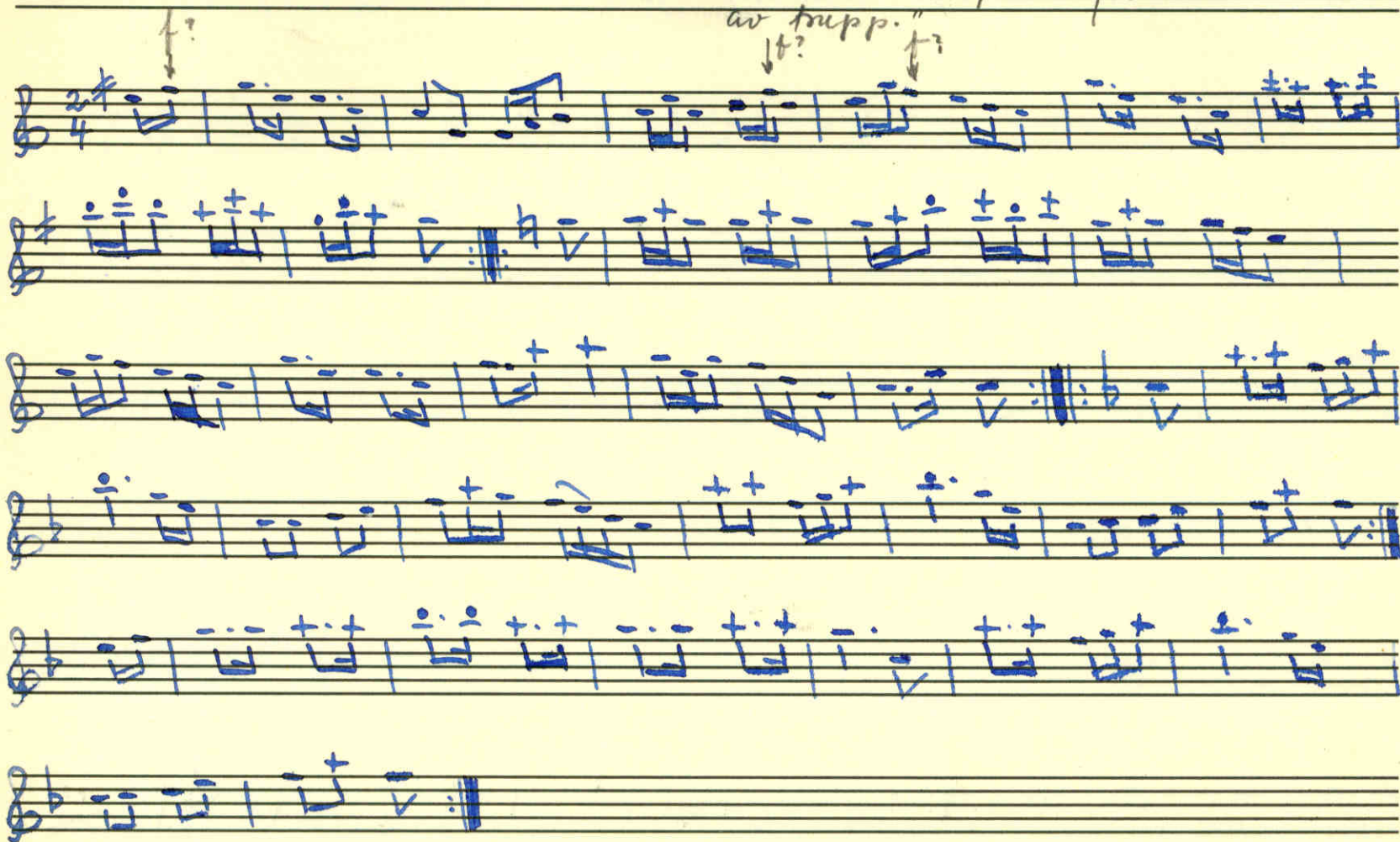
Låten exakt lika med
nr 53.



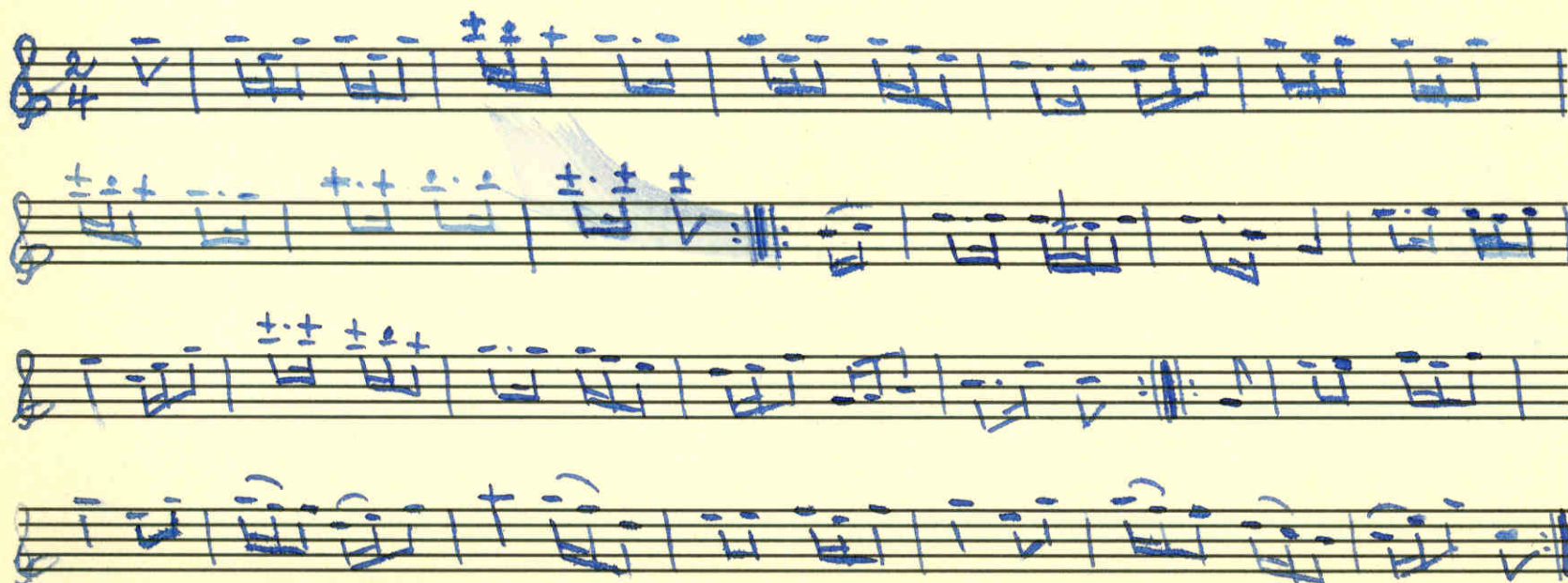
69. Förgäddnings - Marsch.

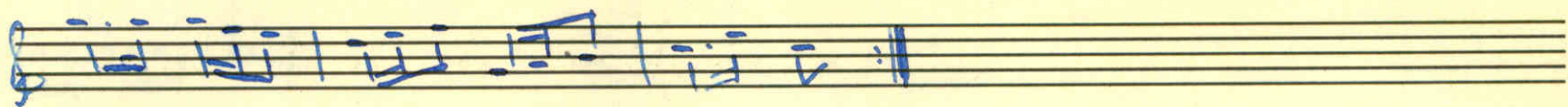
Förgäddnings - marsch.

Den låten är en militär-marsch
hört på dess struktur. Förgäddning
är enl. Svensk Uppslagsbok "tidigare
använd signal för sammankallande
av trupp."

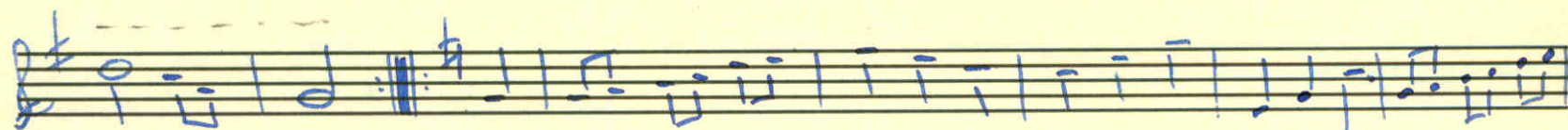


70. Förgäddnings - marsch.



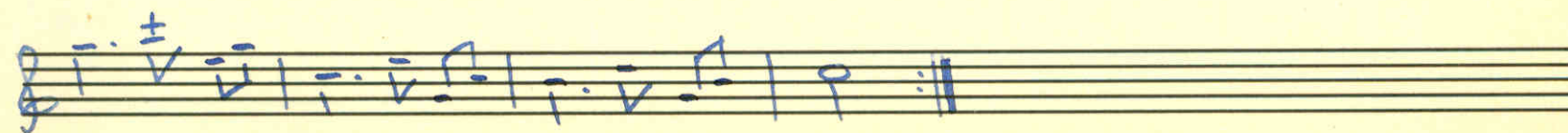
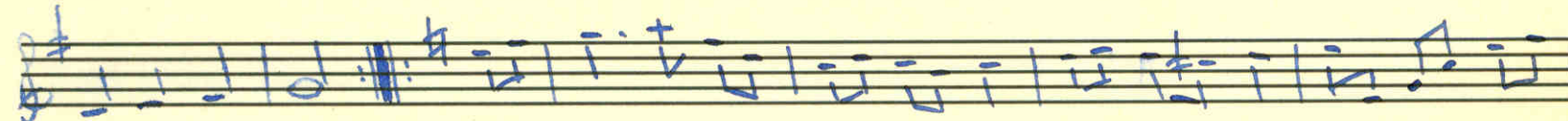
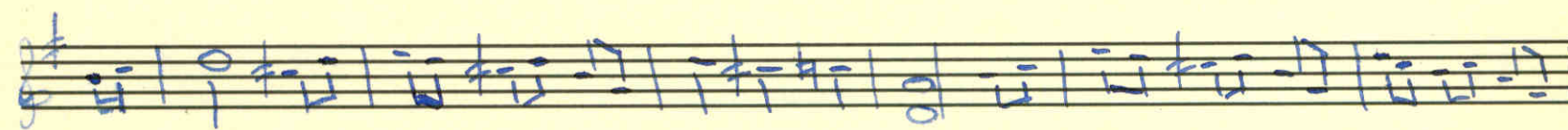


71. Vals av Olsson i 26 onoberga. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



³
Variation
skrivet i
mikroskopstil över takterna.
xx variation

72. Vals av O. Olsson. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.

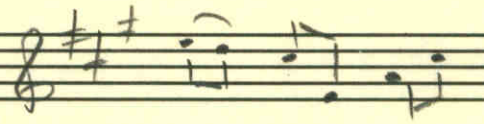


73. Kadrilj Oh.

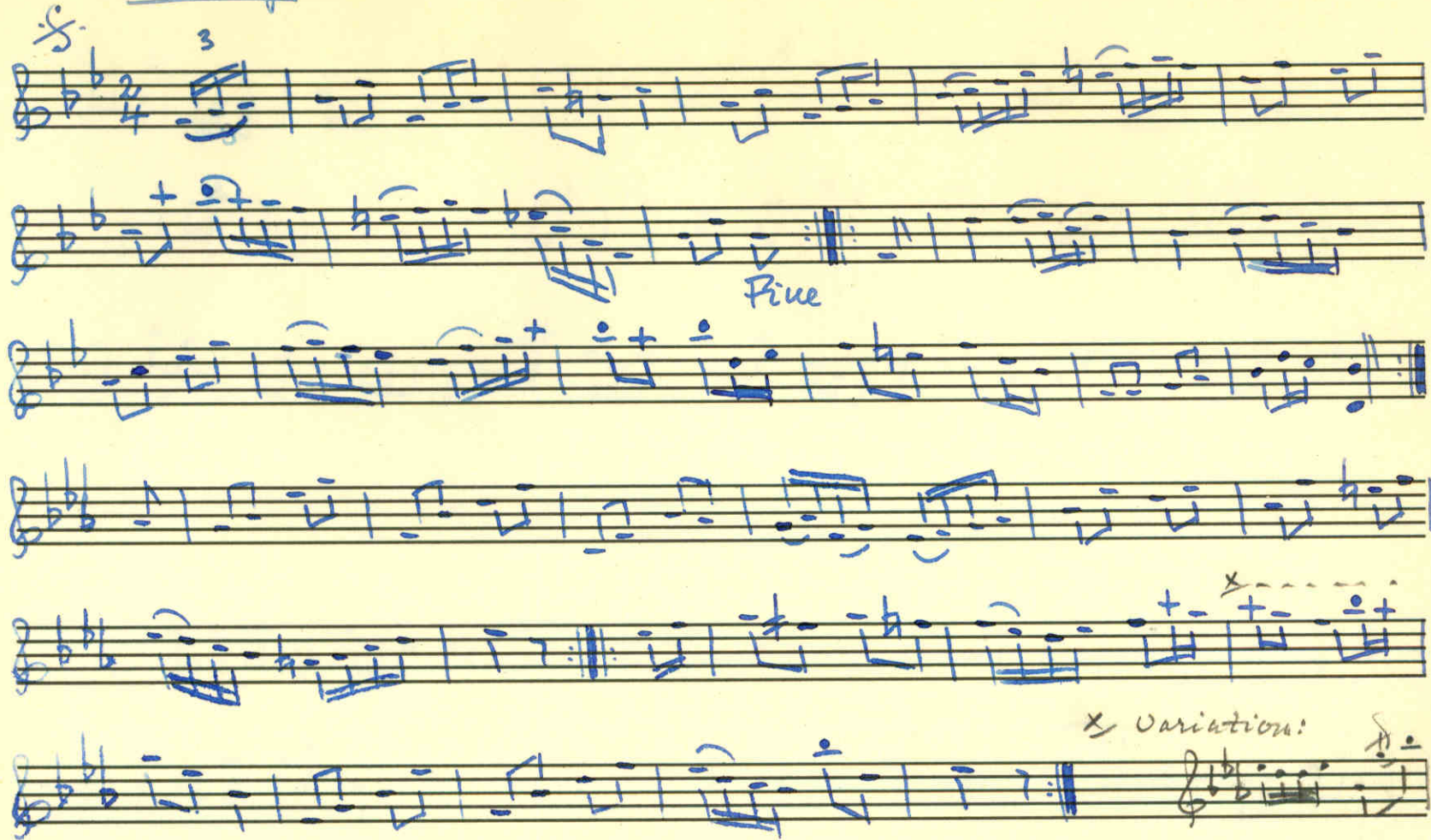
Handwritten musical score for "Kadrilj Oh." in 2/4 time. The score consists of six staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 2/4 time signature. The music is written in a single melodic line. The second staff has a "Fine" marking. The third staff continues the melody. The fourth staff has a "D. b. al Fine." marking. The fifth staff continues the melody. The sixth staff ends with a double bar line and a "D. b. al Fine." marking.

74. Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ Taket.

Handwritten musical score for "Vals. 3/8 Taket." in 3/8 time. The score consists of five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp), and a 3/8 time signature. The music is written in a single melodic line. The second staff has an "x/" marking. The third staff continues the melody. The fourth staff continues the melody. The fifth staff ends with a double bar line.

x denna Taket
bättre så:  alltså bivering av Taket 1.
L.W

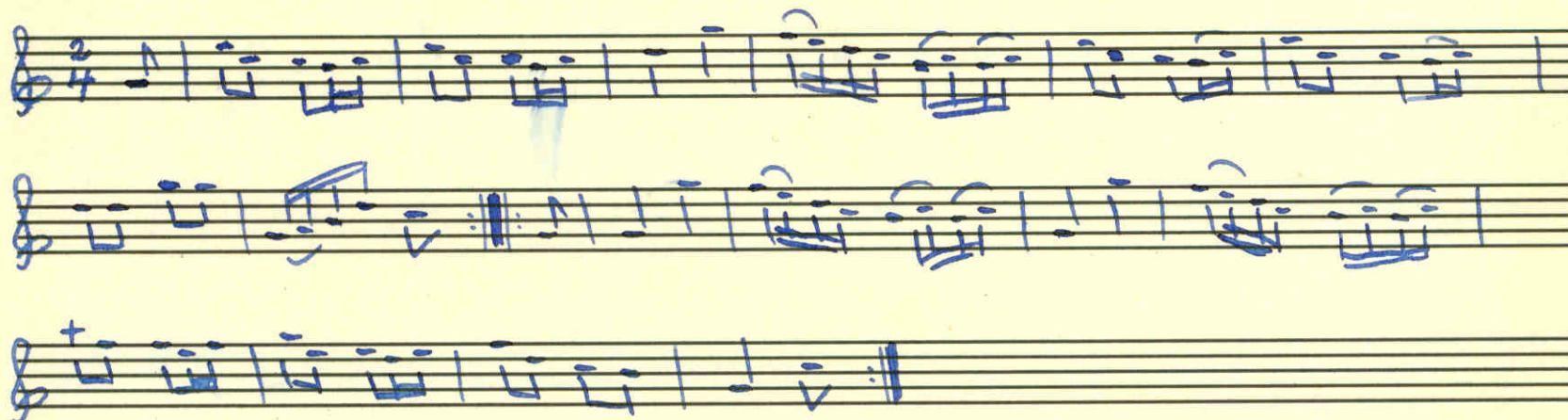
74. Kadrilj av Oh.



75. Monfarino.

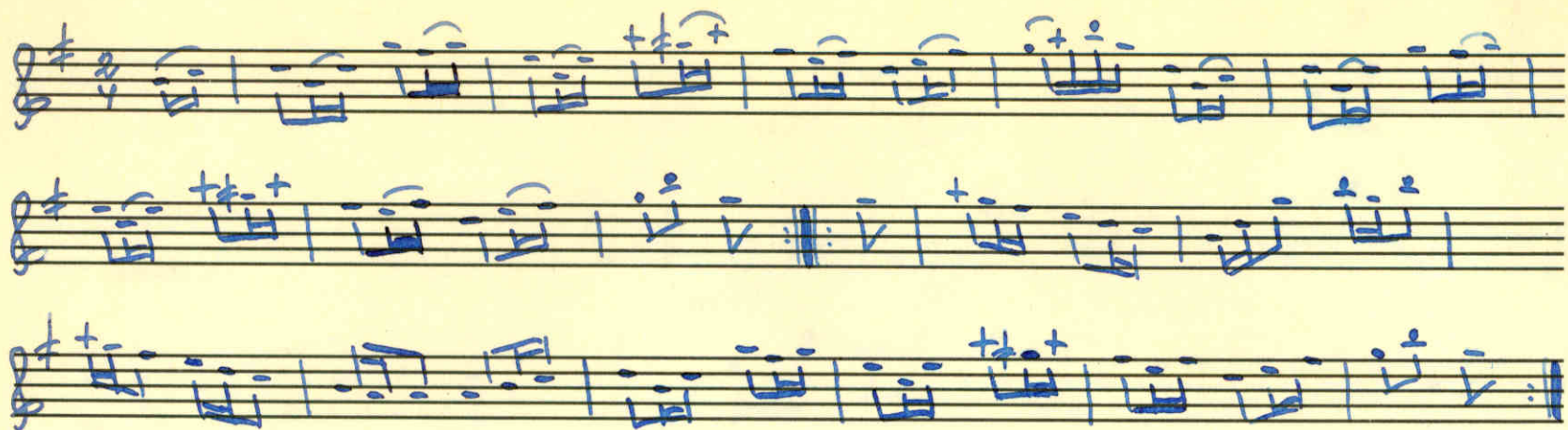
Monfarino eller Monferrina är enligt Tobias Norlund en kontradans från Piemont. "Blev populär i början av 1800-talet o. vann stor utbredning hos folket under namnet

"Monfreda", "Monfredina". En svensk folkdans (kontradans) med folknamnet "Monfarino" synes höras till denna grupp, ehuru den svenska melodien (närmast byggd på den populära sången "Hopp, mor Annika") ej har någon likhet med de europeiska M.-melodierna. Se vidare J. B. Bagge Svenska polskor för Violin (Holland) nr 72; N. Andersson Skånska melodier nr 323 (ballead) "De lilla röliga" el. "Kiviks marknad" med text "Kommen påga, skri vi gå te Hanna." Se även N. Andersson Musikern i Skåne.

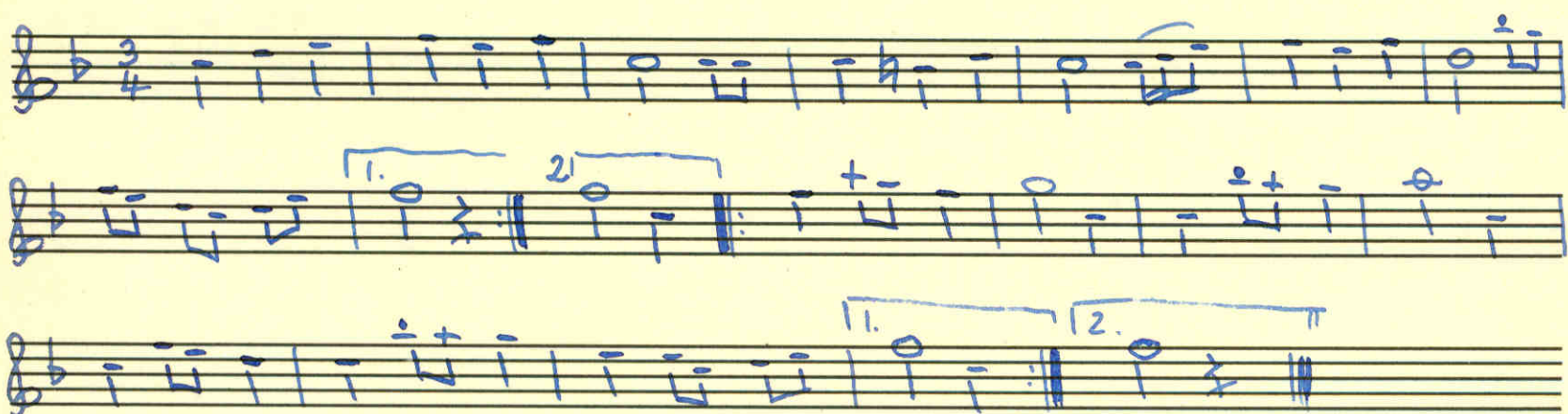


Låten är en variant av "Hopp, mor Annika!"

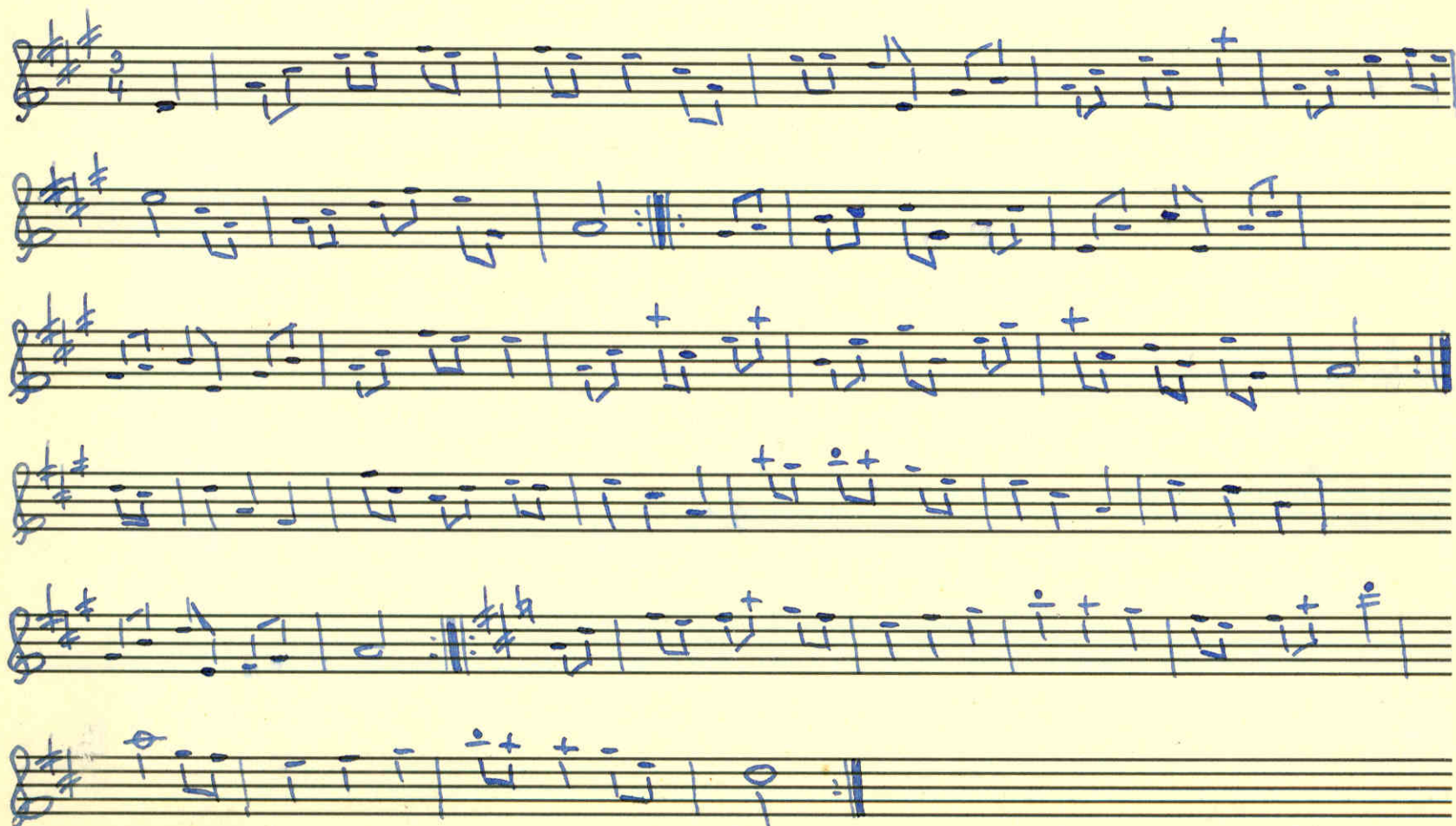
76. Müntfarimo.



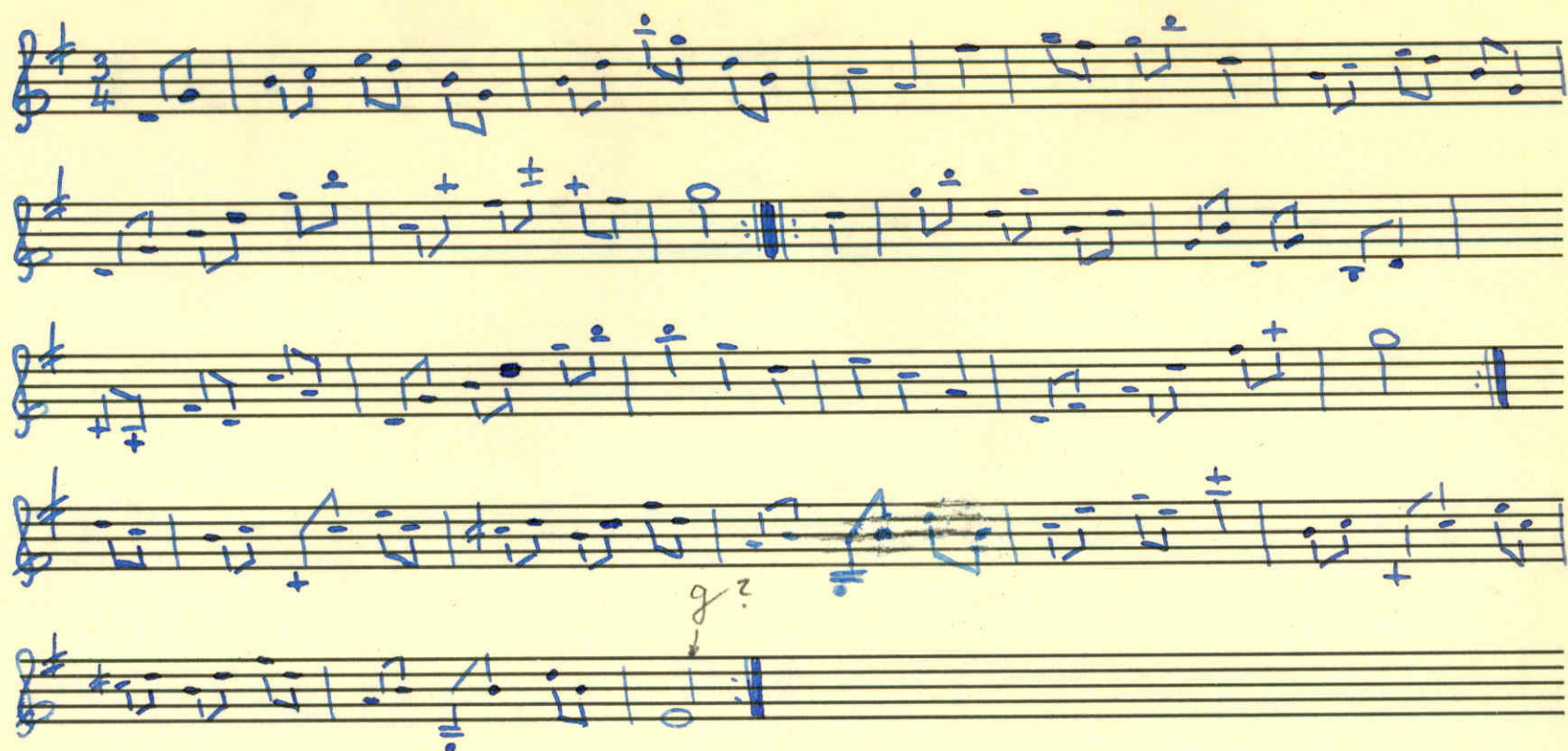
77. Vals 2 vadi. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



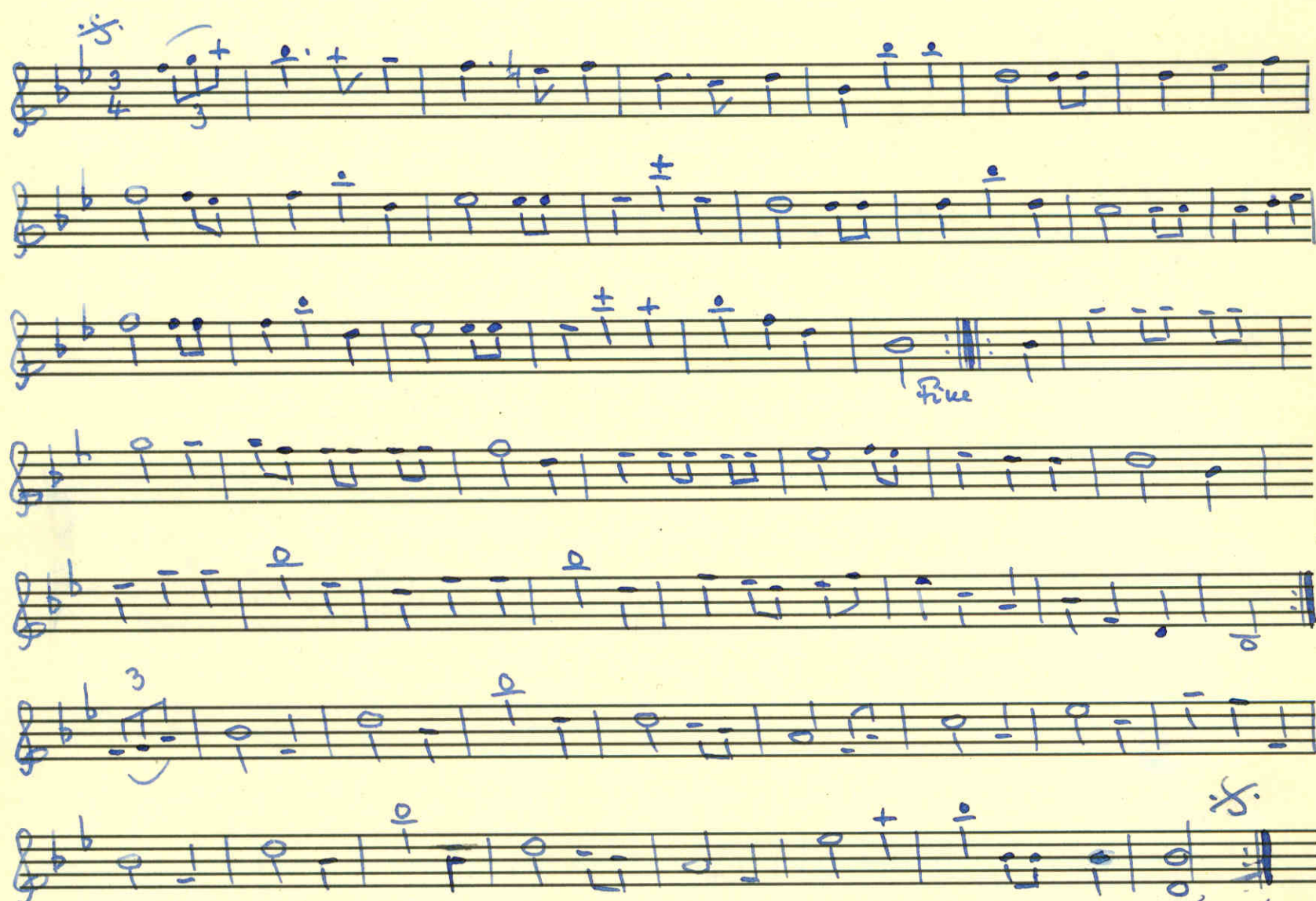
78. Vals $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



79. Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt



80. Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt



Valsen är allmän. Förkommer i "Nackens dansmusik" bl. a. (Bok. 145)
 Periodindelningen är lite mystisk i 1 rep. Sv. L.
 = "Riksdagsmannavalser"

81. Ruglås.



82. Pols. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.



3:e repr. finns i
en tidning på
föregående sida.



83. Kadrilj.



gissat (falskrivet)



Rykt





Andra repr. har en överflödig takt.
Femte takten (före den klammerför-
sedna "Plykt", vad det nu ska betyda) strykes.

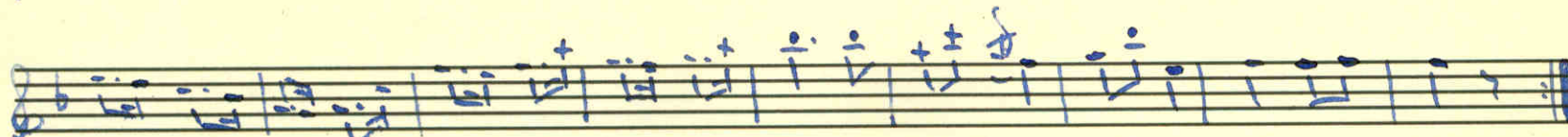
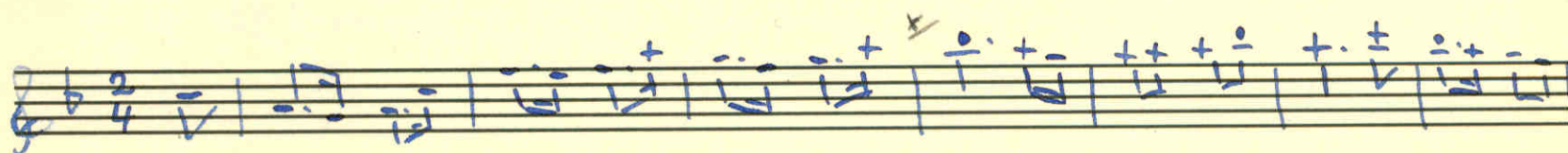
84. Vals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt



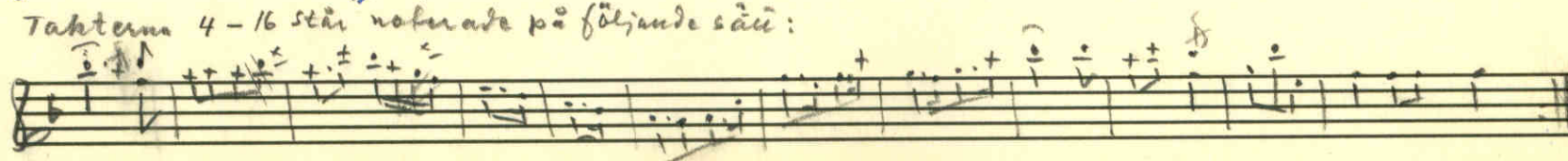
Valsen är allmän, särskilt i Värmland. Sol. Östg. 26

85. Marsch. Komponerad av N. Jonsson i Häggewad
malac (mälaren?)

Låten är ofylldigt noterad.



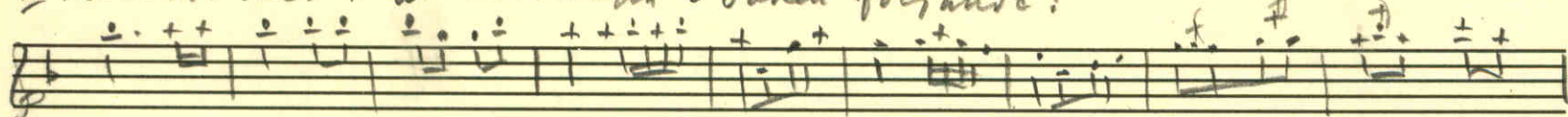
Takterna 4-16 står närmare på följande sätt:



*1 noterna strykes.

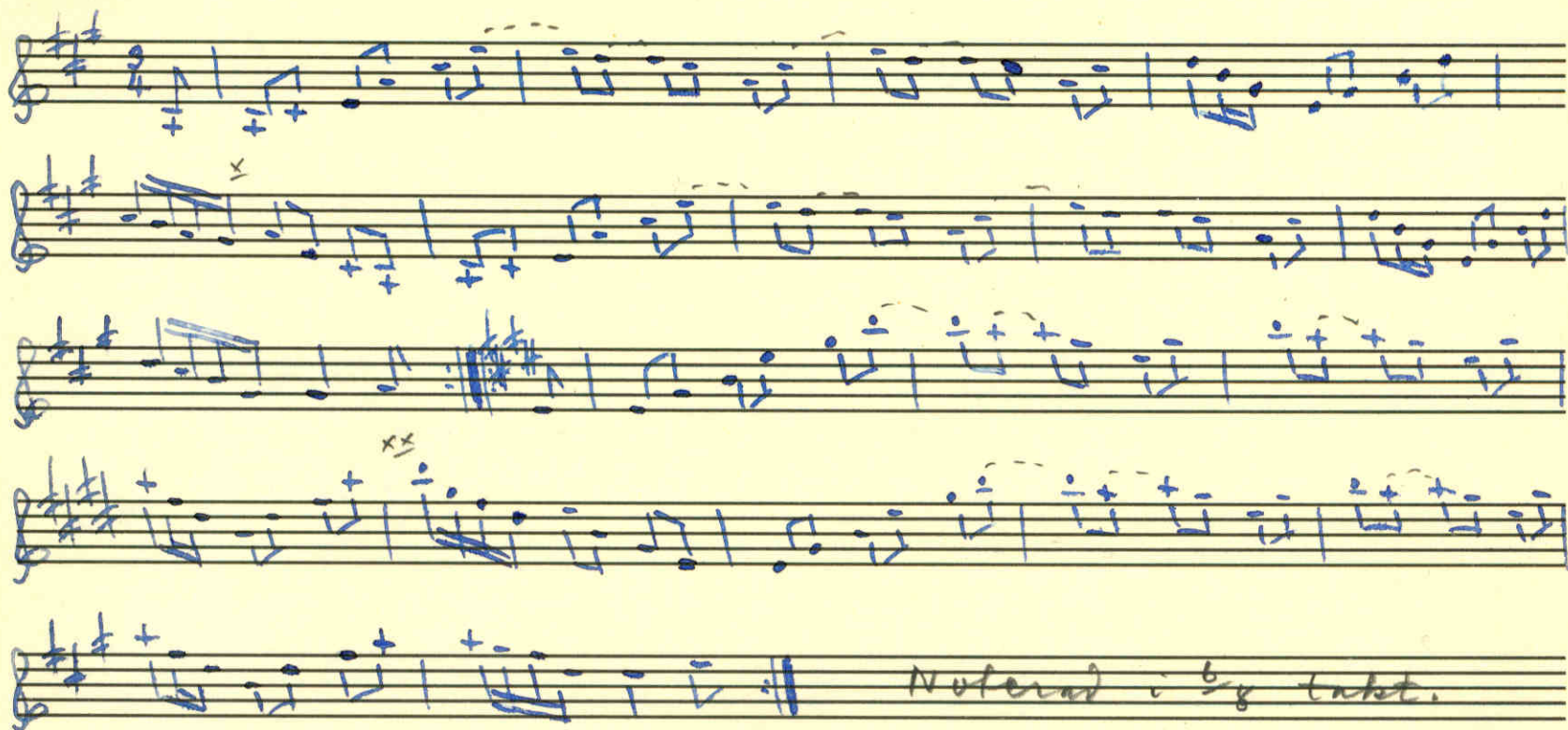


x Pr. o. m. takt 7 är noteringen i boken följande:



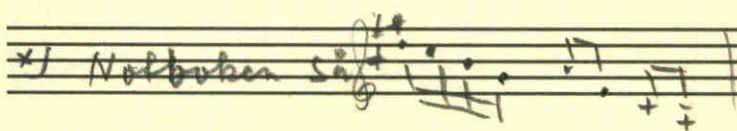
O. S. V.

86. Polonäsa



Noterad i 6/8 takt.

S. L. Skärm 281



x) naturligare

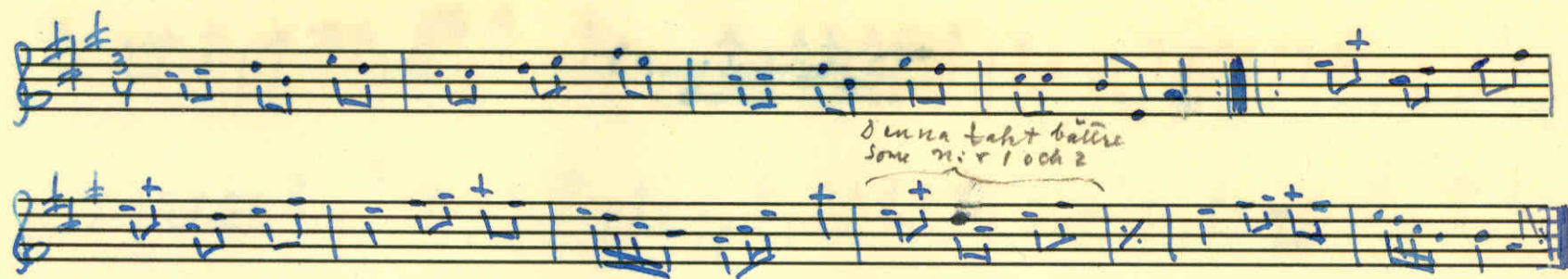
Så:



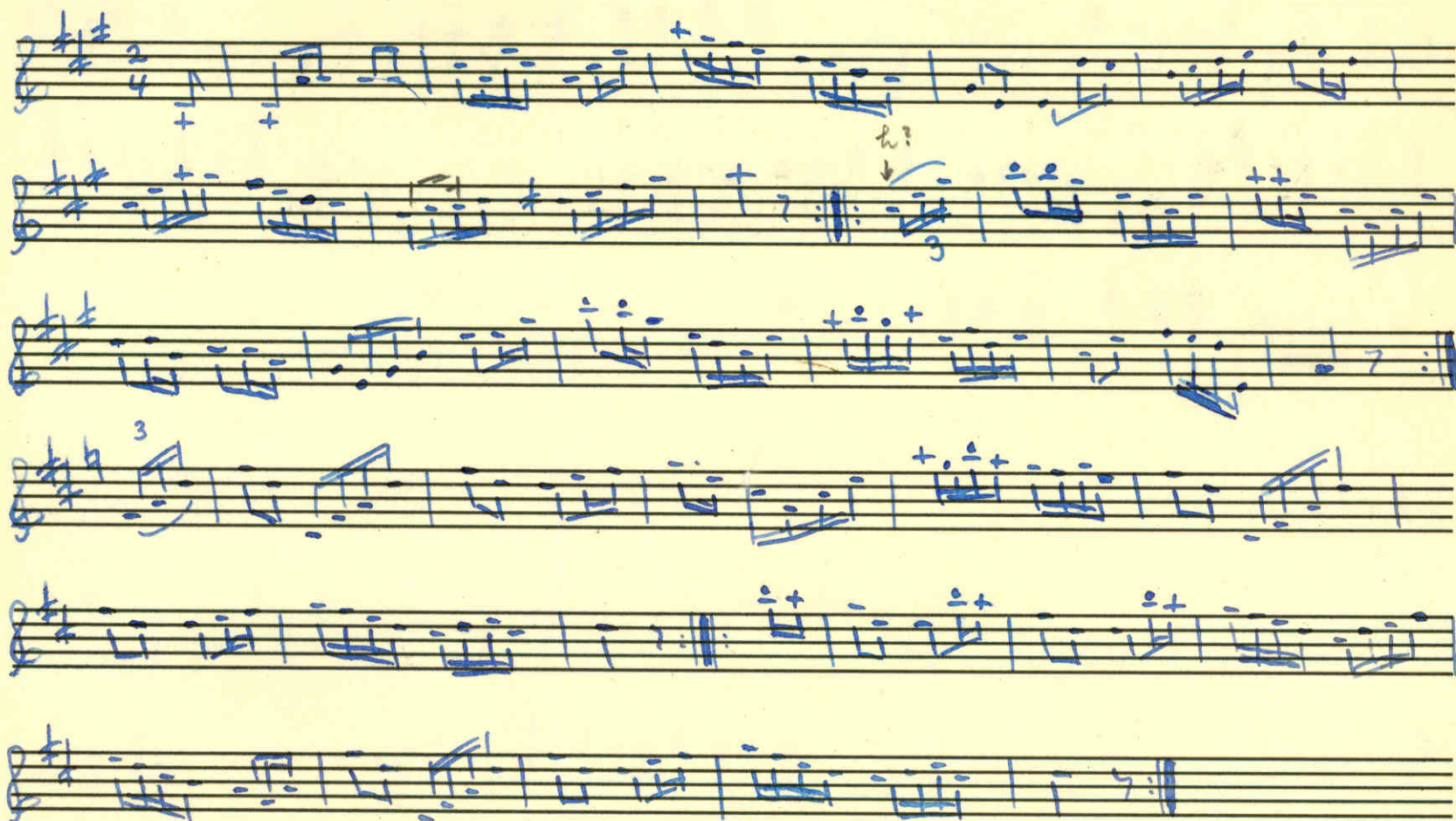
Jag spelar polskan med försening och
de streckade vågorna.

87. Polonäs.

Noteras i $\frac{6}{8}$ takt.

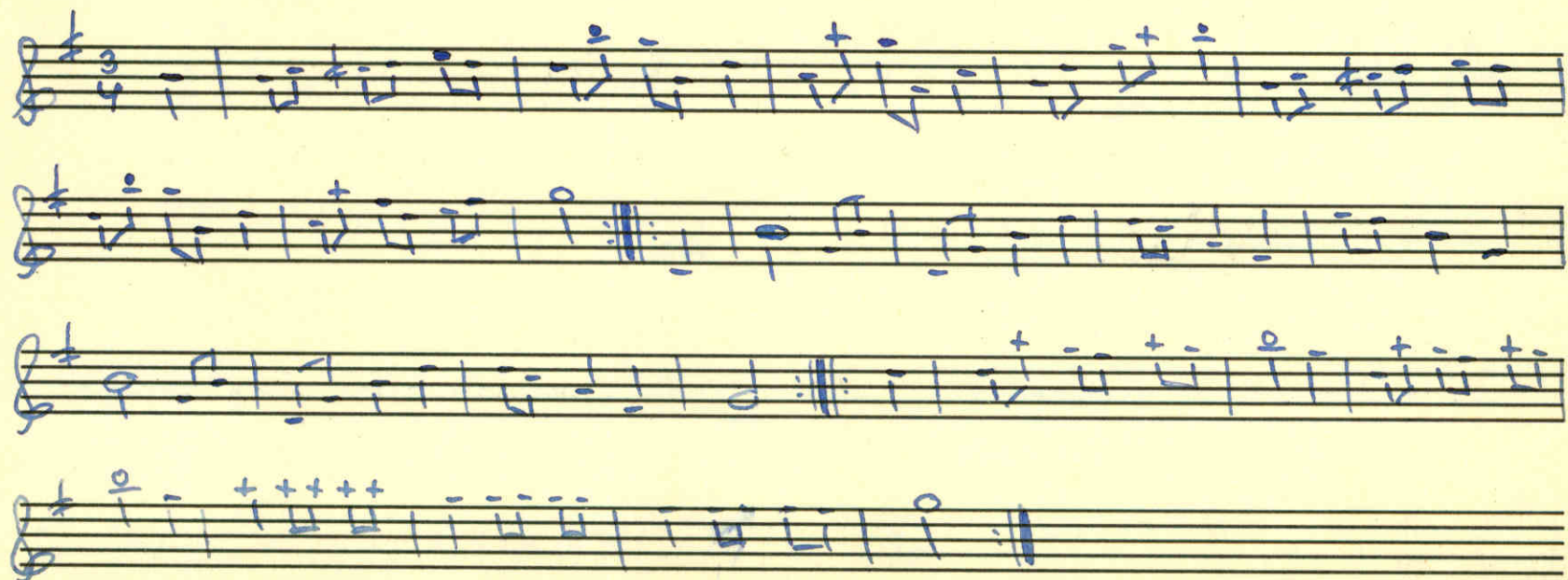


88. Kadrič.



89. Vals.

$\frac{3}{8}$ takt.

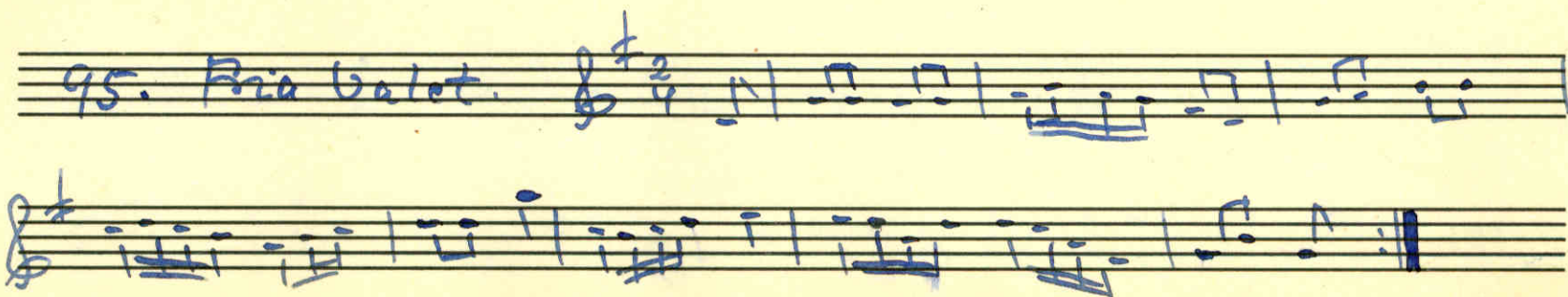
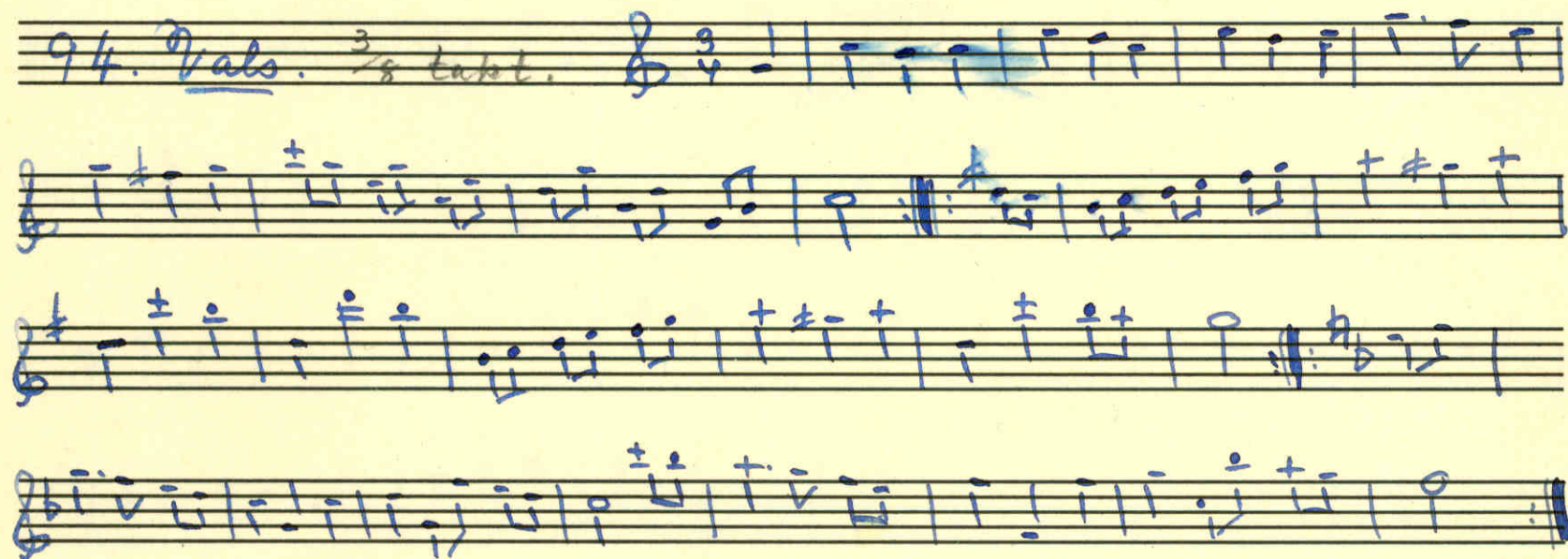
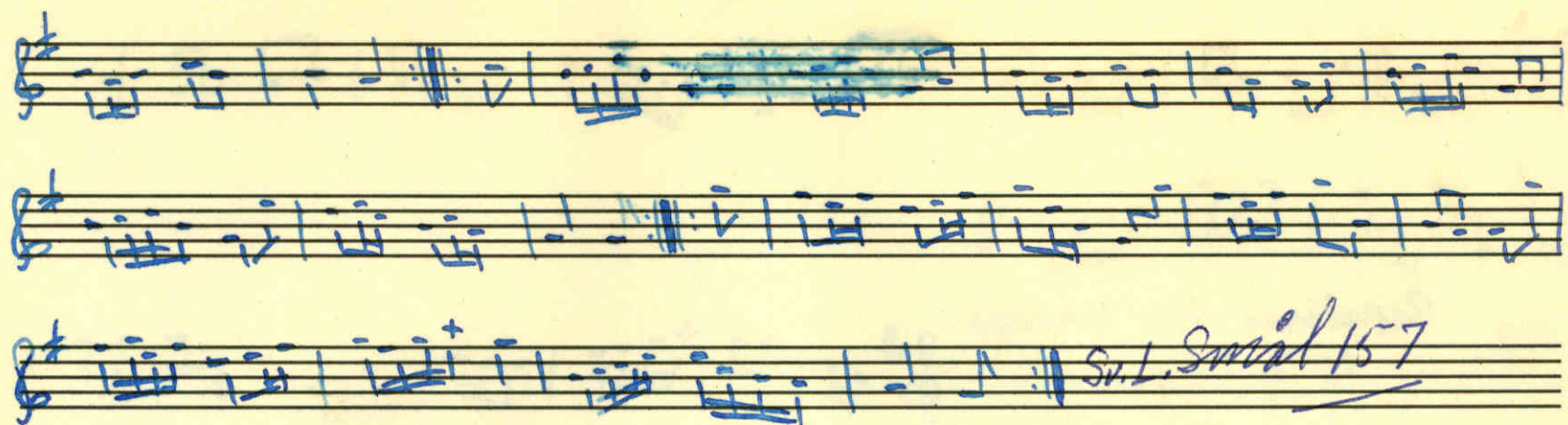


90. Wals. $\frac{3}{8}$ takt.

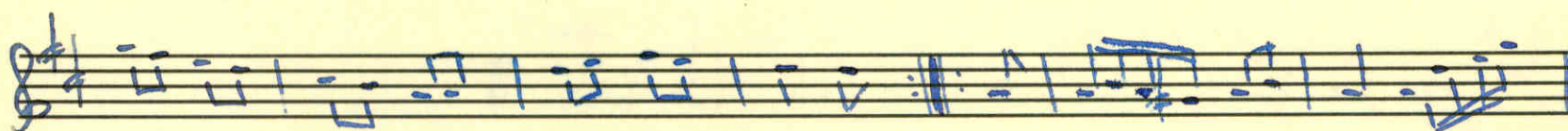
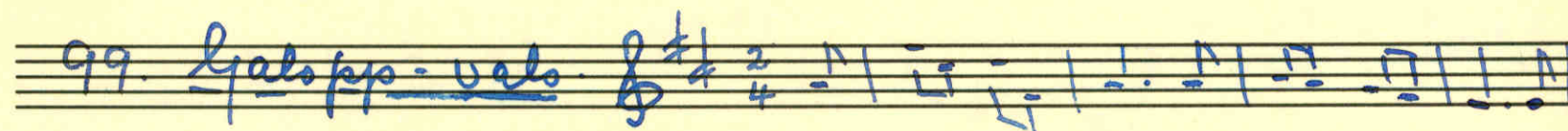
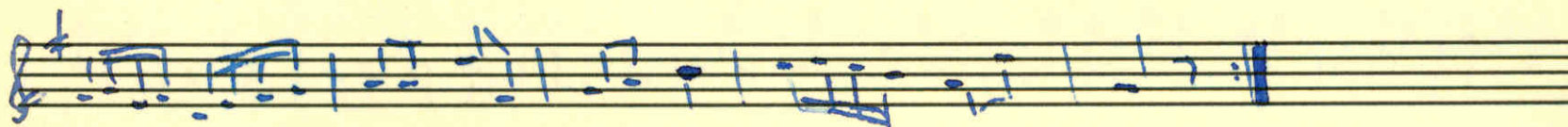
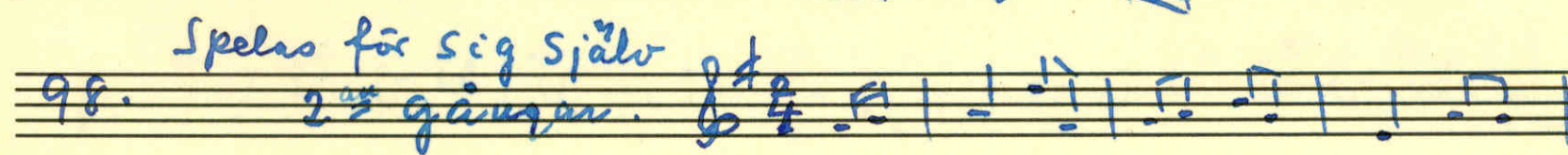
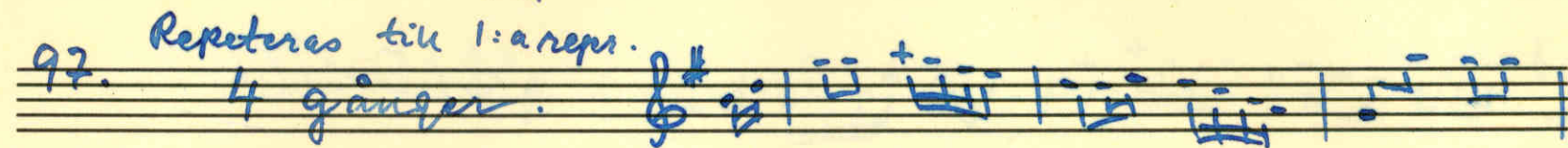
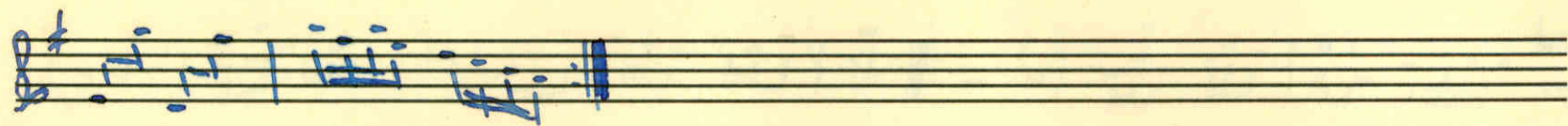
Jagen vanlig bondvals, Verkar län för
"högre stånd".

91. Kadrilj.

92. Ryska Polonchen. Ötydligt skrivet. Sko vara Ryska polskan?



96. Fria valet. Repeteras till 1:a reprisen 4 gånger.



Sista
repr.
10 takt.



Handwritten musical notation for a four-staff piece in G major, 2/4 time. The first staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The second staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The third staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The fourth staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes.

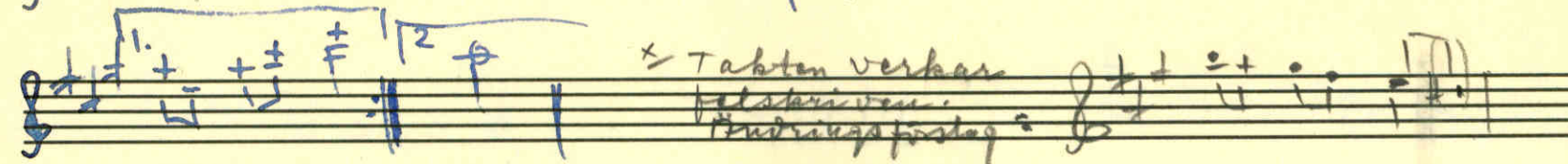
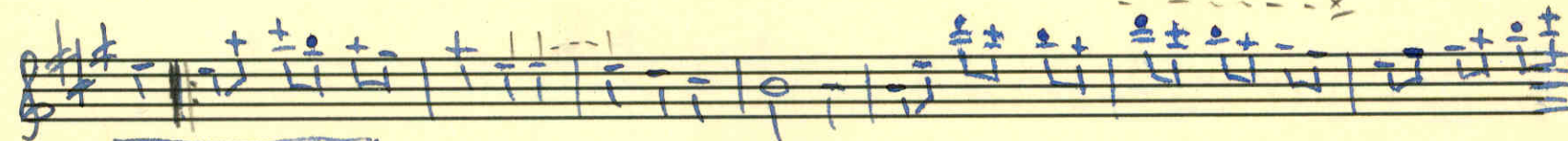
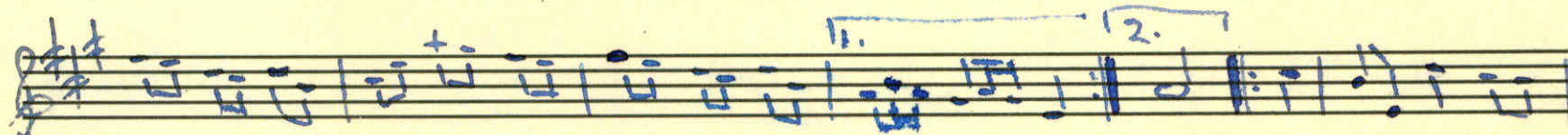
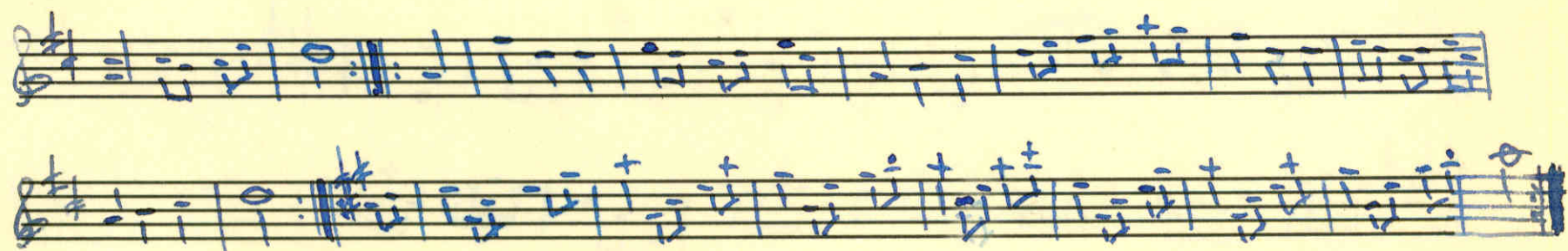
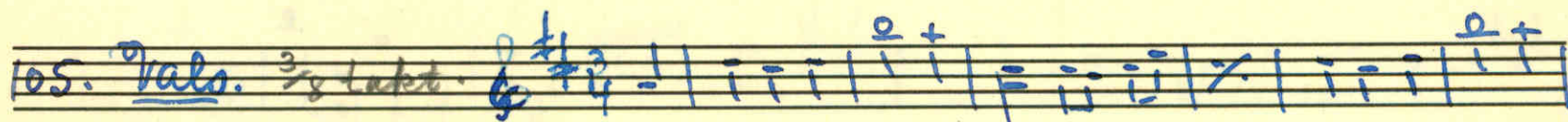
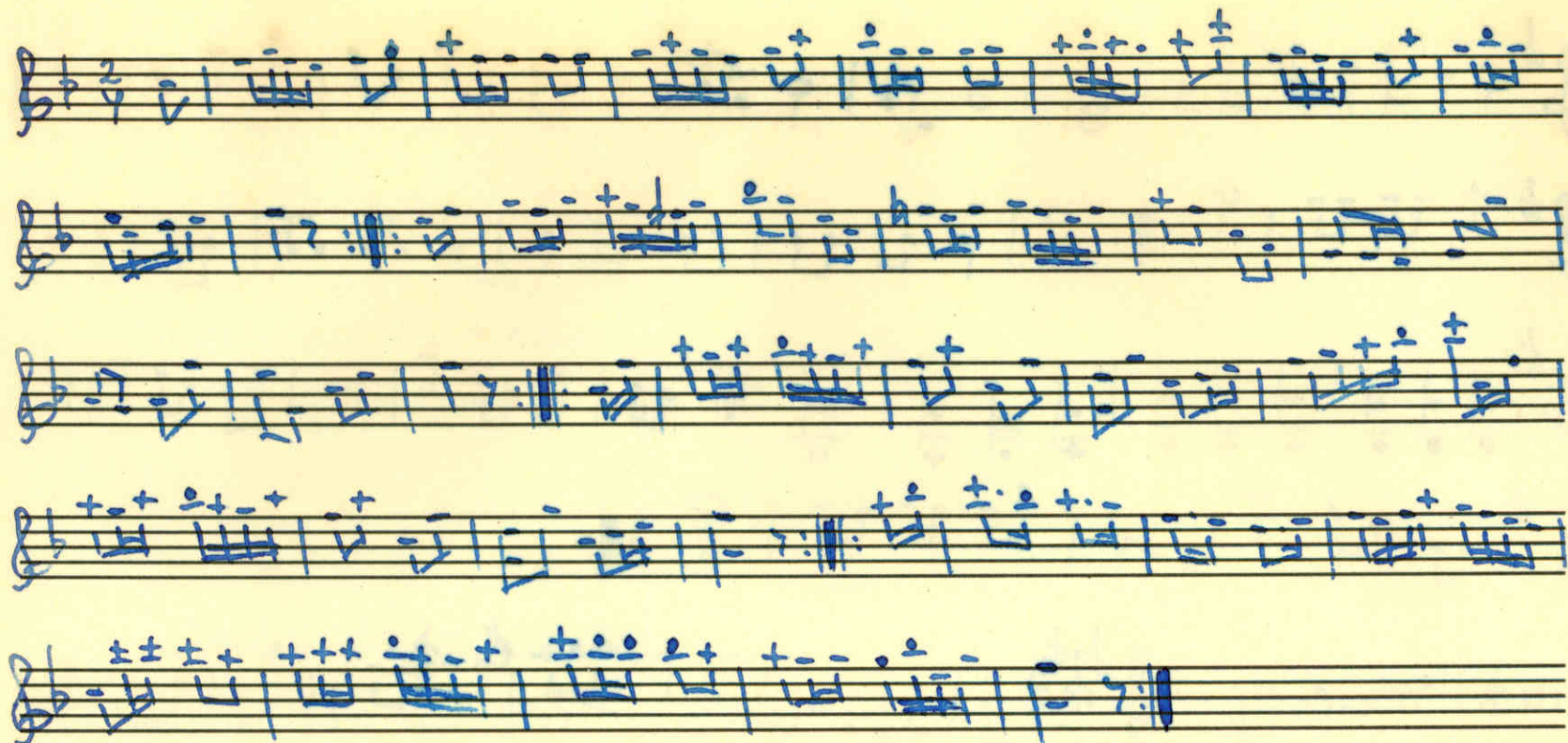
102. *Kadrilj.* $\text{G major, } \frac{2}{4}$

Handwritten musical notation for a four-staff piece in G major, 2/4 time. The first staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The second staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The third staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The fourth staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes.

103. *Valc.* $\frac{3}{8}$ *And.* $\text{G major, } \frac{3}{8}$

Handwritten musical notation for a four-staff piece in G major, 3/8 time. The first staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The second staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The third staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes. The fourth staff contains a melody with eighth and quarter notes.

104. Kadrilj.

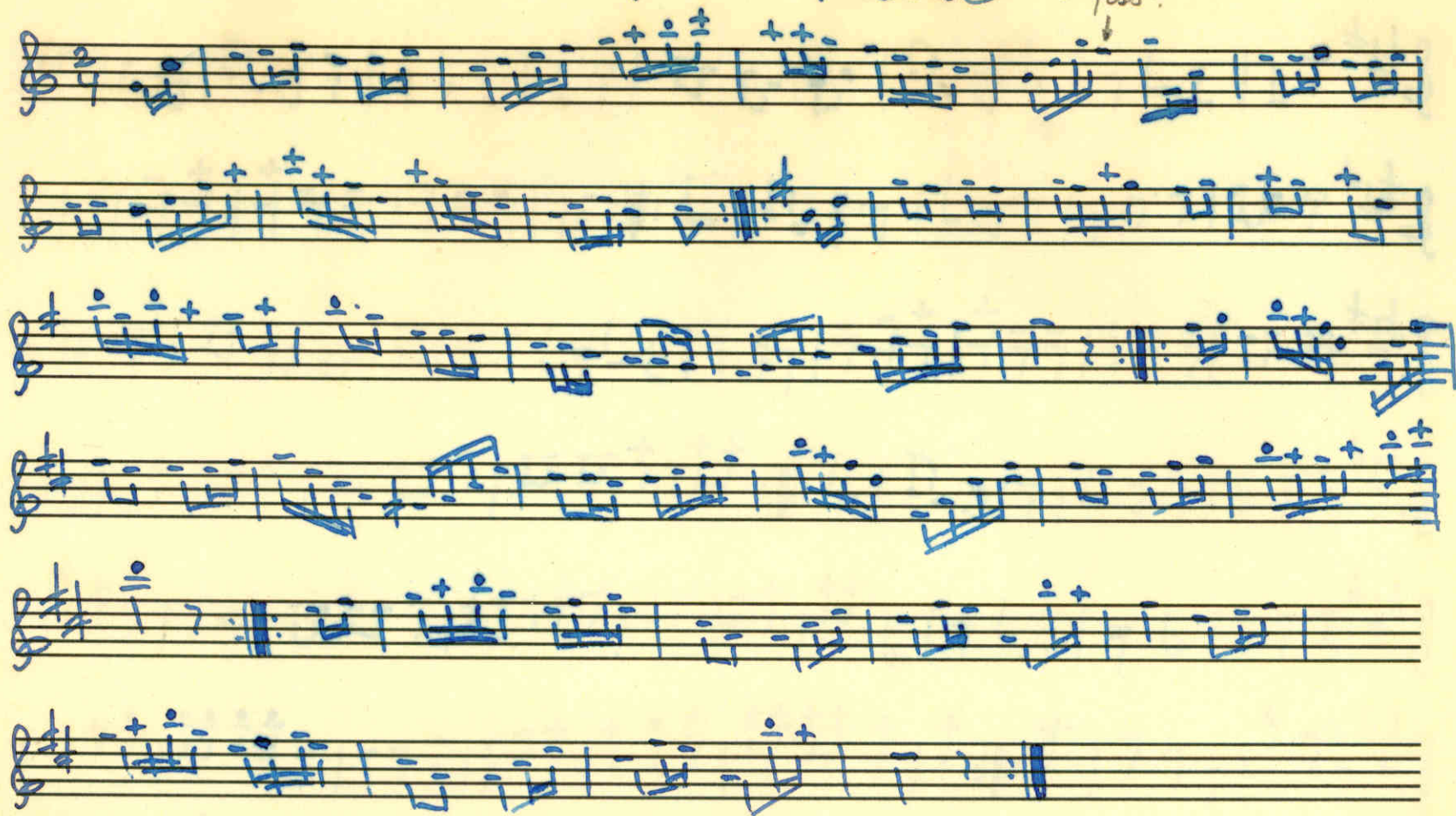


109. Vals $\frac{3}{8}$ takter.

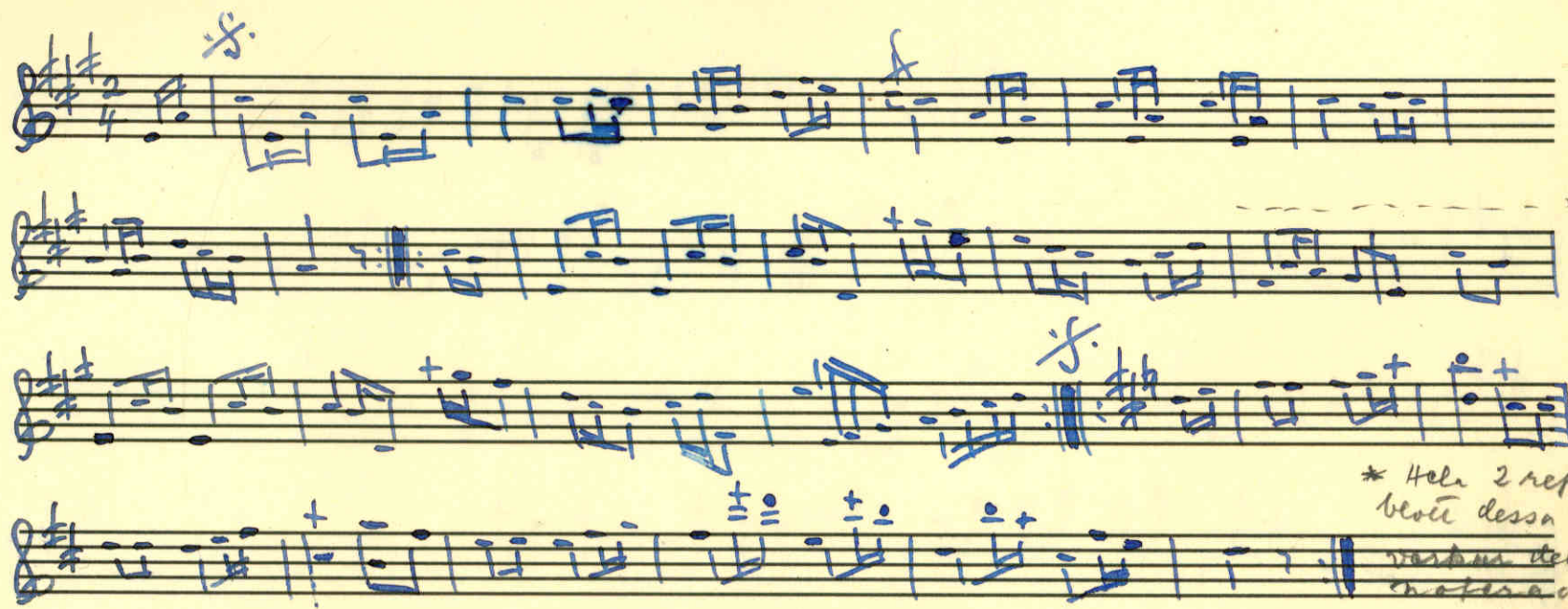
* Takten tydligt skriven.
 Kan ske enl. notationen
 ska vara så:

Anna Rosengren. 110. Kadriy

A. R. G. *fiss?*

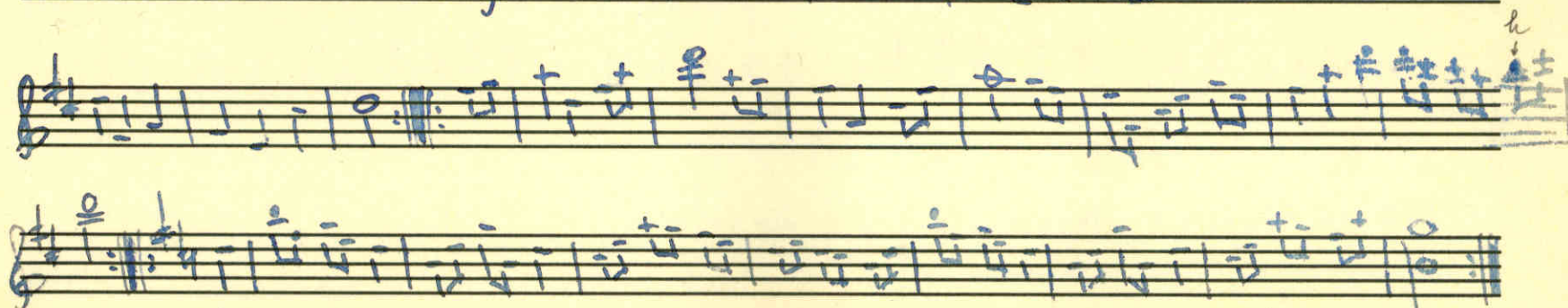


III. Fransäs av Kulan. Tröliggen Frederik Kuhlase
* 1786 + 1832 i Köpenhamn.

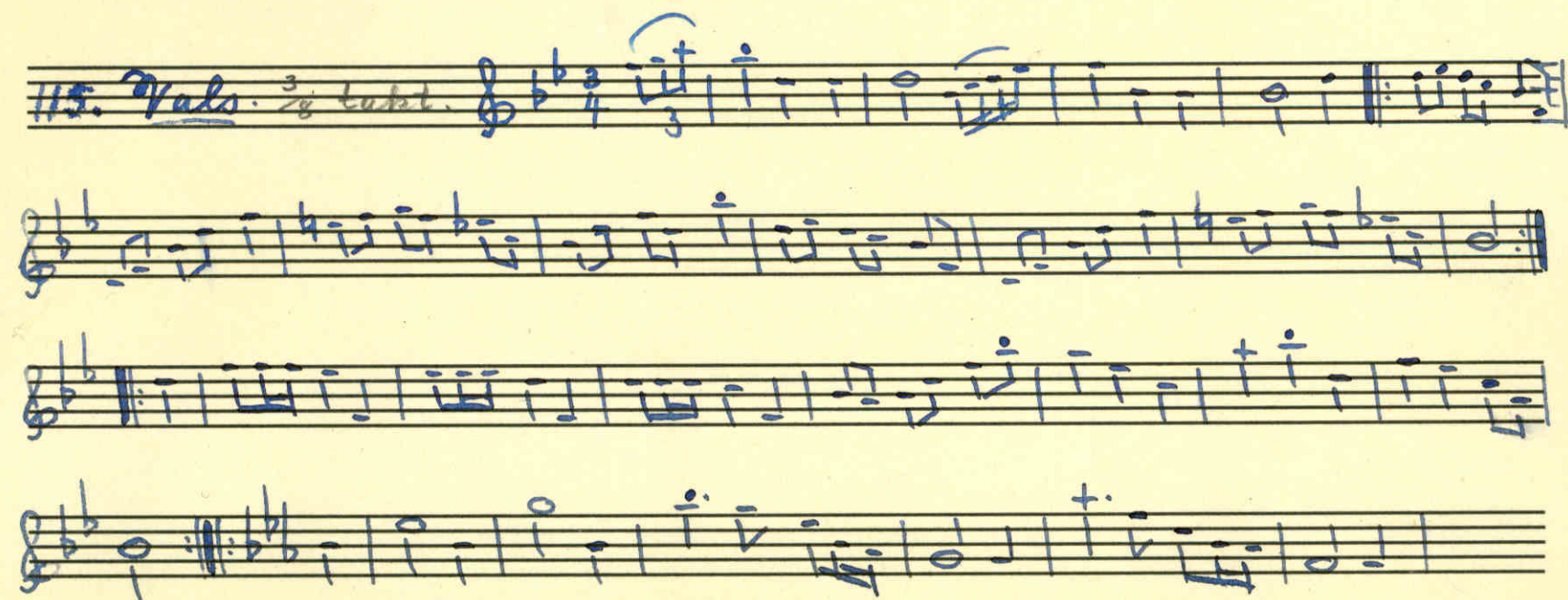
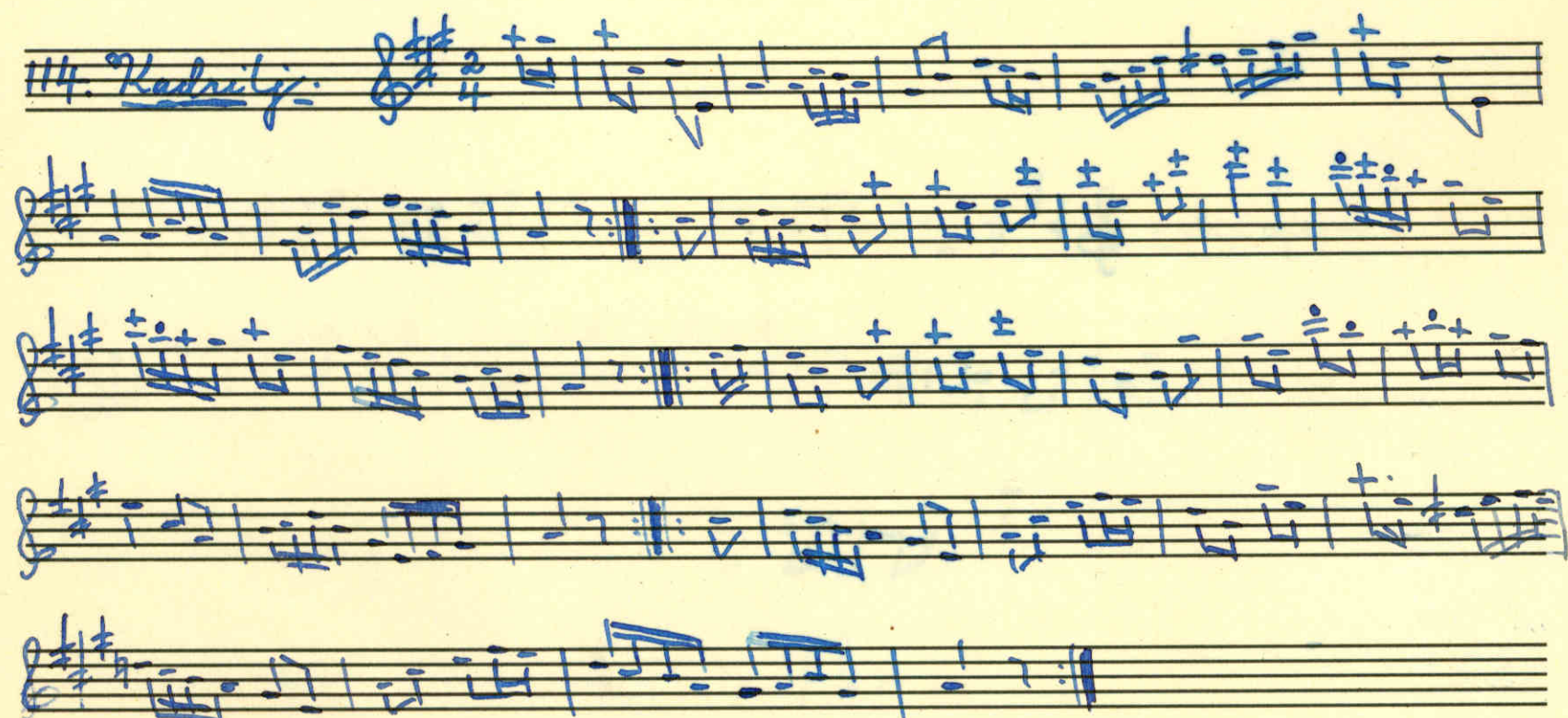
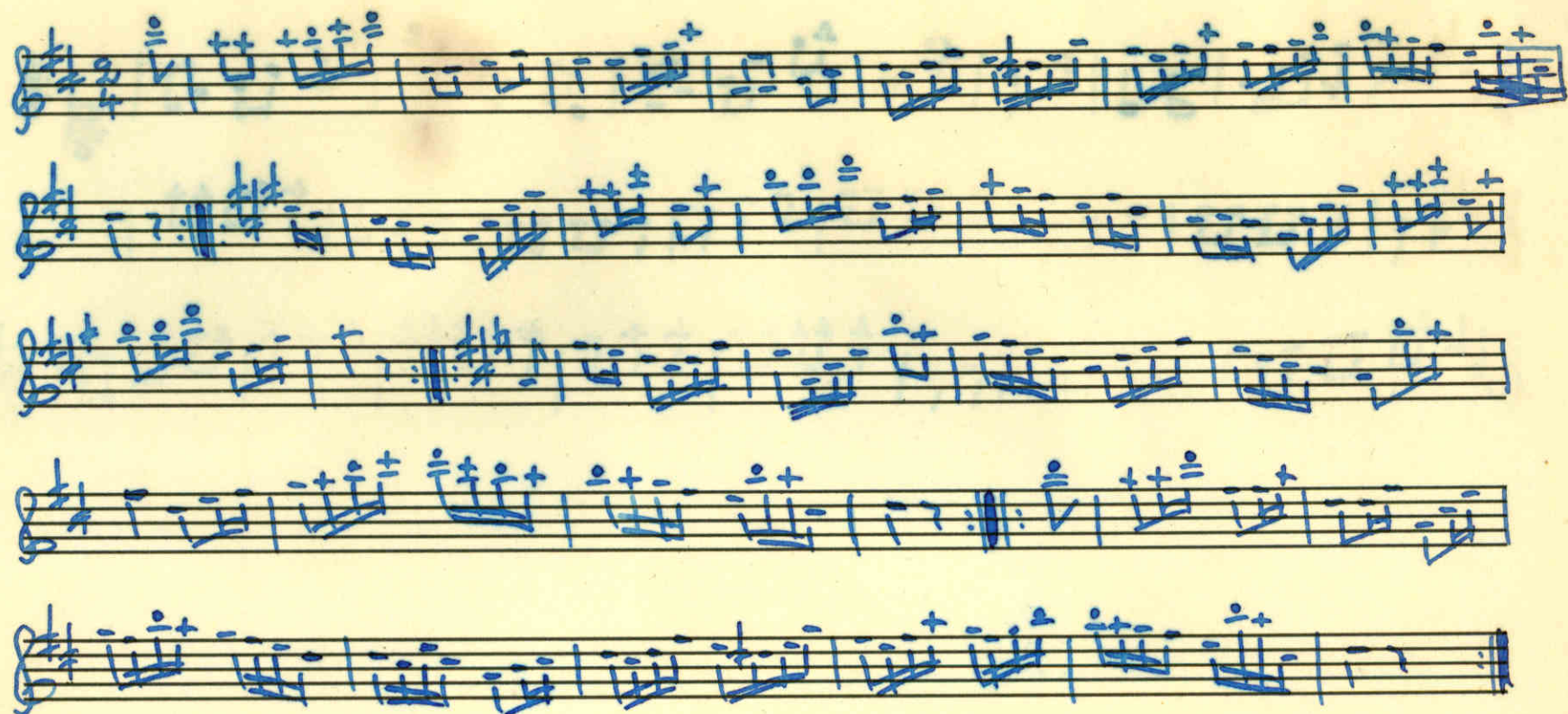


* Helt 2 repr. län
bevis dessa 2 trakter
varstas delvis fel.
noterad.

112. Vals. 3/8 takt. *h*

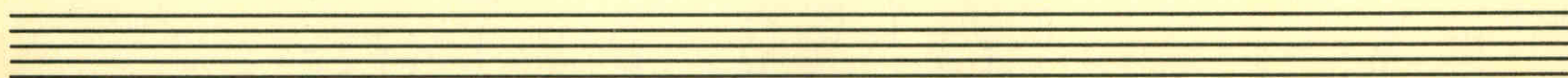
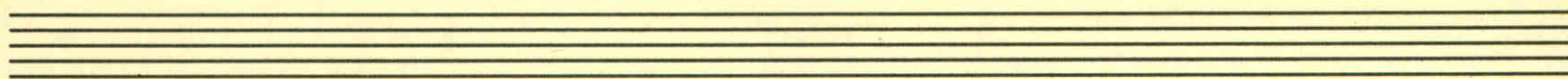
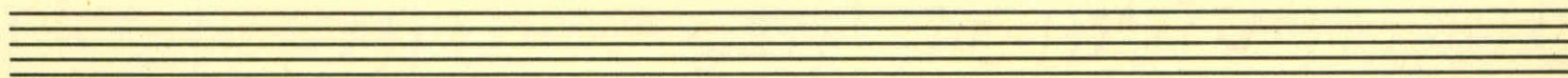
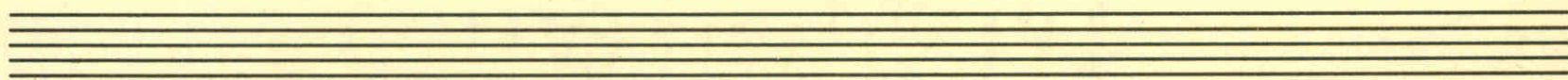


113. Kadrilj.





De 4 första takterna verkar introduktion. 3:je repr. i Ess har 14 takter. Nr 11 och 12 är överflödiga. Mer spelmannemässigt kan man lära sig den satsen på exempelvis följande sätt:





Katrineholm den 13. 4. 1955.

Broder!

Enligt löfte sänder jag Dig nu notboken, på det Du må kunna skriva av den. Originalet tillhör Hemmansägare John Gustafsson, Vreksta Östergård. Vingåker. Pehr Larsson var dennes morfar, till yttre lantbruksinspektör o. flyttade som sådan till gårdar i Halland, Skåne o. Småland. Du ska få reda på mer om Pehr Larssons antecedentia så småningom. John Gustafsson håller på och forskar. - Att Pehr Larsson var i Halland omkr. år 1850 framgår av dagboksanteckningar. Kan Du identifiera namnen på de orter, som om nämns i min avskrift? - Att döma av musiken - typisk högre ståndsmusik - kunde låtarna lika gärna vara från Skåne. Spelmannen Pehr Larsson måste inte ha varit vilken bröfilare som helst, om han kunde klara en sådan repertoar som de 115 låtarna i detta häfte.

Beskriften har kostat mig mycket möda. Ori-

51 valser

3 Hoppsvalser

4 galoppvalser

4 galopper

6 angläser

2 monfarcino

5 polonäser

1 ryska polskan

4 marscher

2 förfäddningsmarscher

1 fansäs

23 kadriljer

4 Fria Valet (en tur i kadriljen och fansäs)

U: r 74 är noterad 2 ggr.

r: r 108 färdas

B Olsson i Honeberga

W. Jonsson i Häggervad

Kadrilj Ruma Rosengren

givalet är ibland rikligt mikroskopiskt, ibland fel skrivet, ibland ofydligt, ibland felaktigt, ibland fragmentariskt. Mina funderingar om rättelser är skrivna med blyerts. Du får givetvis skriva av dem också, om du tycker det är roligt.

När Du nu fått denna bok i handen, ger Du mig en rad om detta. Sen får Du behålla boken tills Du hunnit skriva av den. Det ska Du göra, ty det är en fin o. värdefull notbok. Lycka till med jobbet!
Må så gott!

Med spelmannshälsning
Gustaf Weier.

Broder!

Härmed notboken tillbaka om jag tackar för lånet och för tidningarna. Det var intressant att läsa om festligheterna. Jag har skrivit av de delar jag tyckte bäst om. Boken har släppt i ryggen, men det har inte blivit här.

Hälsningar och tack.

Golmers

11. Bra gammal vals.
13. 90
14. Bra kadriy i lättspelad
19. gammal vals.
20. Vals i 10 repriser. Delvis mennett-betonad
22. Gammalvals.
26. Bra marsch
27. " " särskilt 10.2 repr.
30. " gammalvals
39. " ————
42. Bra kadriy i B
43. Bin-fön ~~in~~ i B.
45. Bra gammalvals (särskilt sista repr.)
47. Polonäs i g o. g
49. Kadriy i 6 F B. g.
52. " i g och g.
53. " ————
56. Bra gammalvals.
58. " kadriy.
59. (Polonäs bon)
60. " bättre
66. Bra gammalvals.
63. Fuglås
64. vals komps av Olsson i Honeberg.
65. Bra galopp.
69. För qadriy-marsch
70. ————
74. Bra gammalvals
74. Bra kadriy av Oh i B och Ess
- 75-76. Monfari nos

82. Den gammalvals
83. Kadriji i D o. E
85. Marsch komp. av Jonsson i Höggeval
86. En polonäs $\frac{6}{8}$ takt
90. Vals i högre regionerna.
94. " i l. l. v. P.
102. Kadriji i D o. E.
103. Gammalvals
104. Kadriji i P.
106. En-fem vals i A. Sirlig lite mennon-karaktär.
109. " " " " lite värmlands karaktär
113. Kadriji i D
114. En kadriji i A
115. " vals i B o. Ess.

4534